# The Centre Reporter.

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## CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

### 148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

*By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.*

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER V. THE PRISONER'S STORY.

It was impossible to keep a record of the number of deaths in camp; the only way to get the number was to watch the gate all the time, and count the number carried out.

On the morning of Nov. 13th I went down to the gate and saw thirteen dead soldiers carried out, to be buried by the usual morning detail of prisoners from Camp. The greater number of these were picked up from the streets of Camp, having died or frozen during the night. With shelter, suitable food, and medical attendance, all of these might possibly have been saved.

I watched with interest this funeral procession as it moved out. Half a hundred emaciated, tottering, ragged soldiers, moving in an irregular and scattered procession, they carried the dead, curled up in unrecognizable bundles, in blankets, by the four corners. With an indifference becoming savages, they carried out and buried the dead, without ceremony of any kind, as you would bury a beast.

Most of our dead went by way of the hospital. On Tuesday, Oct 27th, (1863) we were "counted." We were all marched out of the prison encampment, into an adjoining field, and counted at the gate as we passed back into camp. We had a "population" of four thousand eight hundred by this day's count.

We were generally counted in this way about once a month; it was a big day's work to make one of these "counts." Beginning early in the morning, it would run all day, and end in the early part of the night, with no time for rations. A special count made about Nov. 1st, showed that there were then over six thousand, three hundred prisoners in the camp.

On Nov. 29th a count was made in the usual way, which showed that there were five thousand, one hundred and sixteen prisoners. Allowing that one thousand prisoners were brought in during that time, an estimate much too low, there were carried out of camp, two thousand one hundred and eighty-four sick and dead, thirty per cent. of the whole number, or, approximately, one out of every three, in four weeks. Only a small percentage of the sick carried out ever returned. About the middle of the winter, when the Union Army had settled down in winter quarters, and raiding had ceased, conditions here were greatly improved. Our rations were increased. The hospital service was much improved and extended, but the tents were still cheerless and fireless places of suffering and death.

Our old guards were relieved by a regiment of North Carolina soldiers; good, and kindly disposed fellows, over half of them, firmly Union men at heart. They told us that as soon as the Union Army came near enough to give them protection they would throw down their guns and surrender.

They now and then let a few men "slip the guard," on favorable nights, a few even leaving their posts and starting out with escaping prisoners for the Union lines. Prisoners now and then tried to escape, by breaking guard. Few, however, if any, ever got away by this method.

Many of the resourceful prisoners had devised schemes to escape. The plans advanced and discussed were varied, and often absurd. For a long time the plan of tunneling was considered the most feasible of all, but there was no fence, or anything near, behind which an exit could be made. Still, several tunnels were dug, but they were failures. One was nearly finished when a guard broke through the thin roof, and the scheme was discovered.

A finely educated, active, rather impulsive young soldier by the name of Rickets, a Marylander, was wild over a plan by which he claimed a limited number could get away. A number of us joined him. He said he had the good will of several of the guards, who would let a few prisoners pass out for a price. The matter was discussed; some did not believe in the plan, but we were so anxious to get away that we concluded to risk it. Rickets argued that we might as well be shot as to die by degrees; he did not believe they could hit us anyway, on a dark night. The day set was a dark, rainy, gloomy one; there being no moon, the night would be a good one to carry out our plan. During the early part of the evening, Rickets and one companion went out to find the guard; they soon returned and reported that all was arranged and that they had paid the

Continued at foot of next column.

guard eighty dollars to pass a small number, and give the "countersign" at a fixed hour late in the night. The hour came and we were on hand; some of the company began to doubt. Our guard, however, was there. Rickets hailed him, and everything seemed favorable; one after the other passed over the embankment; the third was on top of the parapet when a volley was fired into the company by a squad of Confederates just coming up, and Rickets and the second man fell, wounded; the rest of us ran. It was rumored next day that Rickets had been killed and the second man mortally wounded. We never saw them, or heard of them afterwards.

Whether the bribed guard had told the commandant of the scheme, and had this squad come for the purpose of shooting us, or whether the squad was making a tour for other purposes could not be learned.

Some time after this another attempt at escape was made, and partly succeeded. On a very dark and stormy night a number crept past the guard in the darkness and tried to ford and swim from rock to rock, through the rapids of the James river to the north side, then strike north for our lines. But the current and the ice cold water was too much for them; they were carried down and drowned. Several bodies were found on the rocks in the rapids next morning, brought back and buried in the prisoner's graveyard. It was believed that every one in the company perished.

For the most attractive sale bill or poster work of any kind, the Reporter is in it. Compare posters and see.

### LETTER FROM FREEPORT.

**Crops, Prices and Personal Notice from Illinois.**

EDITOR REPORTER:—

So much wet weather all summer put farmers in arrears with their work while corn and other crops were several weeks later than usual this season. The early frosts of September froze the corn on the creek and river bottoms, but that on the highlands matured in fine shape and is yielding from 40 to 75 bushels, of standard weight and quality, per acre. The first real killing frost occurred on Oct. 23d. The soft corn will be utilized in feeding stock so there will be little loss on this account.

Potatoes yielded well; especially the early plantings of late varieties. The late plantings blighted. Rot was rather bad in places late in the season some farmers losing fully half of their crop. Forty cents was the prevailing price for potatoes early in the season. At present tubers are retailing at 70c. Cabbage, squash and all vegetables are plentiful and cheap. Pennsylvania chestnuts and apples are being retailed in our markets.

No coal famine confronts us this fall. Vast quantities are held in stock by our dealers. Anthracite is worth $9 25 per ton and bituminous at from 4 to 8 dollars per ton.

P. O Stiver, of the Freeport Bulletin, and O. D. Emerick, cashier in the State Bank of this city, have returned after visiting Penns Valley. William Harpster has sold out his pigeon business and may again engage in the confection business. J. M. STIFFLER.

### P. R. R. Winter Excursion Route Book

In pursuance of its annual custom, the Passenger Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has just issued an attractive and comprehensive book descriptive of the leading Winter resorts of the East and South, and giving the rates and various routes and combinations of routes of travel. Like all the publications of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, this "Winter Excursion Book" is a model of typographical and pictorial work. It is bound in a handsome and artistic cover in colors, and contains much valuable information for Winter tourists and travelers in general. It can be had free of charge at the principal ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, or will be sent postpaid upon application to Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

### Good Hunting.

The Zimmerman hunting party, of Hecla, did some good work in the Allegheny Mountains along Baker Run, in the northern part of Clinton county. In eight days the party killed ten fine deer.

The party was composed of Messrs. David Zimmerman, of Pittsburg; Jno. Zimmerman, Johnstown; Shuman Zimmerman, William Zimmerman, Perry Hinds and Samuel Hinds, of Hecla, and Al. Krape, of Centre Hall. John Zimmerman and Samuel Hinds each killed one deer. The rest of the party each killed two deer, which is the limit.

Mr. Krape returned to his home in this place Saturday evening much elated.

Continued from first column.

## "LEARNING BY DOING" FOR THE FARMER BOY.

*By O. J. Kern, Supt. of Schools, Winnebago County, Illinois.*

During the past summer, the boys have held meetings at various farms. It has been my pleasure to attend some of these, and give to each boy a copy of the new course of study for the common schools of Illinois. This course has most excellent outlines and directions for experimental and observation work, prepared by Dean Davenport, of the Illinois College of Agriculture. We are trying to create a sentiment among the farmers in favor of the teaching of agriculture in the district school before a law is enacted requiring teachers to be examined in the subject before attempting to teach it. This course in agriculture, prepared by Dean Davenport, if rightly used with the boys, will go far toward creating a new ideal with reference to country school education. The following is quoted from the course:

"Make a collection of all the different soils in the neighborhood. Pulverize well and pick out all the sticks, stones, or other foreign matter. Fill some quart fruit cans with these soils within an inch of the top. Leave the covers off and set where they will become very dry. Then weigh each very carefully and deduct the weight of the can. Then add, a little at a time, all the water each will take up without standing on top of the can. Weigh again and compute the percentage of water each soil is able to hold.

"Make a plat of some farm in the school district. Write a description of its fields, fences, and buildings, with the crops produced and live stock kept, and a history of its settlement and changes in ownership.

"What does it cost to raise an acre of corn? How much for rent or use of land? How much for labor? How much for seed?"

The devotee of the old order of things will take note that the above, language work, drawing, history, and arithmetic may be correlated in a very practical manner.

BOYS' CLUB AND FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

Last winter, during the annual meeting of the County Farmers' Institute, a half-day session was devoted to the interests of the boys. Several members of the experiment club gave an account of their work, some of the fathers suggested how they might help along the work of the club, while a few of the teachers told how the district school might assist such an organization of boys. Too often it happens that a farmers' institute is made up of a few retired farmers. It is estimated that five hundred thousand farmers attended the farmers' institute meetings throughout the United States last year. But who takes notice of the boys?

Mr. John Hamilton, farmers' institute specialist of the United States Department of Agriculture, in a recent letter to me said:

"I now think that the farmers' institute movement must take hold of the country boy and the country girl. We have been dealing with the fathers and mothers thus far, which was a necessity until the value of the institute was demonstrated; but we have come now, in my opinion, to a time in which it will be possible for us, in many States, to go a step further and take hold of the young people who are living on the farm.

"Your success in interesting those in your county is proof of the practicability of the plan if it is properly organized and enthusiastically conducted. There is no reason why we cannot change the whole sentiment of our country in comparatively few years, if we go about it in a systematic way. Agriculture can be made popular as well as profitable, if those of us who are interested in country life take hold of the work in the right way, and present the features that appeal to young minds in an attractive way."

FUTURE OUTLOOK OF THE CLUB.

We are arranging a monthly lecture course, on one Saturday of each month during the coming fall and winter months, for the Boys' Experiment Club, the Girls' Home Culture Club, now being organized, and the parents of Winnebago county. This is made possible by a small appropriation from the county board of supervisors toward the expense of securing speakers. The deficit will be made up somehow. The lectures are all free, and held in the beautiful auditorium of the New Memorial Hall erected by the people to the memory of the soldiers and sailors of Winnebago county, and dedicated by President Roosevelt last June. The course, so far, includes:

October—"Corn-Growing," by Professor Holden, Iowa College of Agriculture.

November—"Stock Feeding," by Dean Henry, Wisconsin College of Agriculture.

December—"The Kind of School for Country People," by Dean Davenport, Illinois College of Agriculture.

The remaining numbers will be provided for. It is the expectation to close the course in February with a lecture on the value of birds to the farmer, illustrated with a stereopticon.

The experimental school-garden movement was inaugurated in Winnebago county last spring as a factor in the missionary work for the cause of agriculture. The results will be set forth in the new report of the county superintendent of schools.

FIRST CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL IN ILLINOIS

This gives promise of being a great force in creating a new educational ideal relating to the education of the farmer boy and his sister. Last spring, on petition to the school trustees, districts 90, 91, and 93 of Seward Township, Winnebago county, were consolidated. This is the first school of its kind in Illinois. It took me four and one-half years to create this new ideal here.

The electors of the consolidated district, by a vote of 38 for and 15 against, bonded the district for $7,000, ten years' time at 4 per cent., to purchase a site and erect a union school building. By a vote of 47 for and 1 against, the directors were authorized to purchase a certain site for the new school grounds. This consists of 3.6 acres of some of the finest farming land in northern Illinois. The amount paid for it was $1,000.

Professor Blair, chief of horticulture of the Illinois College of Agriculture, has designed the landscape arrangement of this ground. It provides for the artistic arrangement of many kinds of trees, beautiful groupings and massing of numerous varieties of shrubs and flowers, a boys' athletic field, a girls' athletic field, little folks' playground, and experimental gardens for all the children.

The new building, being erected at a cost of about $6,000, has a room which in time may be utilized for a boys' workshop, and also a room for a girls' gymnasium. This possible enrichment of the course of training for country children will be a certainty here if the right kind of teachers are secured. The new building will have an assembly room and a laboratory. And all this for country children! Why not? Why continue to cheapen life and opportunity for the country child?

This school promises to be the connecting link between the farm and the college of agriculture. If rightly managed, it will hasten the fulfillment of the prophecy of Dean Bailey, of the College of Agriculture at Ithaca, N. Y.:

"It is not necessary, and perhaps not even important, that the child be taught these things with the idea of making him a farmer, but merely as a means of education and of interest to him in the out-of-doors. The day is coming when agriculture—under other names, perhaps, and not as a professional subject,—will be taught in public schools as a 'culture subject.'"

### Proposed Pensions.

Senator Penrose introduced a bill to pension every Union officer, soldier, sailor and marine, now surviving, who was confined in the so-called Confederate prisons during the War of the Rebellion, at the rate of $2 for each day so confined and $12 a month for the remainder of their lives, also a petition from the General Mansfield Post, No. 48, of Mansfield, Pa., praying for the enactment of legislation providing a pension at the rate of $12 a month for every survivor of the Civil War in the Union Army who served ninety days and who was honorably discharged.

American newspapers every year pay in wages $80,000,000 and receive $80,500,000 for subscriptions and 95,000,000 for advertisements.

### Why Not?

Why not make a substantial Christmas gift, instead of useless, senseless gifts? Why not give gifts that will be a constant reminder of the doner? There are many boys and girls away from the parental home who are begging for a letter from home more frequently; these boys and girls want to keep in touch with the happenings of the old home; with the movements of their old associates. Now then, dear parent, if you want your children or friend to be the recipient of a gift that will come as welcome to them forty-nine times each year as it did the first time, drop a dollar at this office and have the Reporter sent them.

A dollar will buy no other present that will be appreciated one-half as much.

### CURIOUS SCENES IN GENOA.

**A Street Where the Sun's Light is Obscured by Drying Clothes.**

One of the most curious scenes in all Italy is to be found in the laundresses' quarter in Genoa. This quarter consists of a short street which is reached by descending a few steps branching off from the main thoroughfare. Buildings of six stories rise on each side of the street, and from every one of their windows is stretched one or more clotheslines sagging with the weight of apparel of every kind and condition. An eternal shadow cast by hundreds of drying garments hangs over this quarter and makes it dark and gloomy. The pedestrian, who looks upward toward the blue sky can see nothing but a cloud of variegated shape and color which effectively obscures the light of the sun.

In the center of the street below there stand in a sort of summer house a number of public tanks. Crowds of shrill voiced women gather day by day about this out of door laundry to exchange the gossip of the quarter and wash out their piles of soiled linen. From the appearance of the lines which stretch and intertwine far above the pavement it is to be judged that all the washing that is done in Genoa at all is done in this particular street.—Detroit Free Press.

### The First American Book.

It is a remarkable fact that in a year after the first printing press was established in Cambridge, Mass., or in 1640, an American book was issued from it (being the first published in what are now the United States), which was soon after reprinted in England, where it passed through no less than eighteen editions, the last being issued in 1754, thus maintaining a hold on English popularity for 114 years. This was the "Bay Psalm Book." It passed through twenty-two editions in Scotland, where it was extensively known, the last bearing date 1759, and as it was reprinted without the compiler enjoying pecuniary benefit from its sale we have irrefutable proof that England pirated the first American book, being in reality the original aggressor in this line. This first American work enjoyed a more lasting reputation and had a wider circulation than any volume since of American origin, having passed in all through seventy editions, a very remarkable number for the age in which it flourished.

### Vernet at the Sea.

Vernet, the celebrated painter of sea pieces, eager in the study of nature, made several long voyages in his younger days in order to observe the various scenes which the changeful elements exhibit. In one of these excursions undertaken merely for the love of the art a most violent gale of wind arose, when Vernet, without attending to the perils with which he was surrounded, desired one of the sailors to lash him fast to some of the rigging.

Soon after this request was granted the storm increased, attended with thunder and lightning and with every circumstance that could add to the horror of the scene, and consternation and terror sat on every countenance, but in the young painter every emotion was lost in that of admiration, which so wholly engrossed his attention that he every now and then exclaimed in the most enthusiastic terms, "Good heavens, what a noble scene!"

### True Blue.

The expression "true blue," which we hear so often, has not even an English parentage, but is said to have been a Spanish saying, which meant that the blood that filled the veins of the aristocracy of Spain was blue in color, while that of inferior mortals was more or less black, and the proverb that "true blue will never stain," instead of meaning, as it is generally supposed, that "a noble heart will never disgrace itself," actually refers to the "blue aprons" worn by butchers on account of their not showing blood stains—a far jump this from the blue blood of the haughty Spanish aristocrat to the humble apron of the butcher's boy.—London Lady.

### Whales and Bluefish.

The amount of nourishment required to maintain the life of a whale is something which almost passes human imagination. As many as fourteen seals have been taken from the stomach of a sperm whale, says Nature, and his ordinary diet consists of squids, which often weigh several tons. The whalebone whale simply opens his mouth and takes in jellyfish by the wagon load. The bluefish also has an enormous appetite, and it has been estimated that it requires 10,000,000,000 sardines to feed 1,000,000,000 bluefish every summer.

### A Good Deed.

Mother (severely)—Johnny, where is that piece of cake I left here when I went out?

Johnny—I gave it to a hungry little boy, mamma, and, oh, he was so glad to get it!

Mother—Come to my arms, you dear, dear angel. Who was the little boy?

Johnny—Me.

### What He Knew.

"Can no child tell me what kind of bird Noah sent out of the ark?" asked the superintendent.

"Billy can," volunteered the children. "His father keeps a bird store."—Judge.

Employment and hardships prevent melancholy.—Johnson.

## TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

### HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Remember the stock sale at Old Fort Saturday afternoon, December 5.

Rev. Dr. T. L. Seip, president of Muhlenberg College, Allentown, died from apoplexy.

The Thanksgiving supper given by Progress Grange was well patronized. The net receipts were about $25 00.

Witmer Lee came home from Burnham Sunday. He is disabled on account of a severe sprain of the ankle.

Charles H. Meyer, of Reedsville, ate his Thanksgiving dinner with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Meyer, in this place.

A Centre county historical society was organized in Bellefonte Friday. General Beaver and Captain Frybarger were deputized to draft a constitution.

The large bank barn on James Muthersbaugh's farm, near Lewistown, was destroyed by fire of incendiary origin. Loss, $0300, covered by insurance.

Charles E. McClenahan, who is employed by H. E. Zimmerman, on rural route number two, from Bellefonte, is making preparations to begin housekeeping at that place.

A strong flow of natural gas in a well near Hyner, Clinton county, leads to the belief that enough gas may be secured to supply the West Branch Valley from Renovo to Williamsport.

Progress Grange is receiving many applications for membership. Progress is one of the most active granges in the county, and has the finest hall of probably any in Central Pennsylvania.

Rev. and Mrs. C. T. Aikens, of Pine Grove Mills, celebrated their fourteenth wedding anniversary of their marriage by entertaining a number of the most intimate friends of Mr. Aikens.

Among the new Reporter subscribers from Michigan is Pierce Lingle, of Buchanan, Berrien county, who is anxious for the Centre county news as given to the Reporter readers each week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Bible, of Bellefonte, Thursday drove to Centre Hill to eat their Thanksgiving dinner with the latter's mother, Mrs. Sarah Royer, who for some time has not been in the best of health.

Theodore, a son of Nathaniel Brown, of Spring Mills, while out hunting Thursday for rabbits in Brush Valley with his brother, was accidentally shot in the face by the latter. The shots have been extracted and the young man is getting along nicely.

The two "men of the month" in America,—Speaker Cannon, of the national House of Representatives, and M. Bunau-Varilla, the envoy of the new-born Panama Republic,—are the subjects of character sketches in the Review of Reviews for December.

An order has been received by Postmasters that hereafter postal cards of all sizes would be received in the United States mails. The size of these cards has been restricted heretofore to a minimum of 2 5-16 by 4 5-8 inches and a maximum of 9 1-16 by 5 9-16 inches.

McClure's Magazine for December, in harmony with the gentleness of the season, moderates a little its strenuous battering-ram tone of the last few months. It is, in fact, decidedly Christmasy, with its beautiful illustrations—many in tint—and amiable fiction.

E. E. Conway, of Collegeville, Montgomery county, is the guest of W. J. Mitterling, the cow buyer. Mr. Conway came up to Centre county with the hope of taking home with him a bear, and therefore will necessarily spend some of his time tramping the mountains.

W. M. Benninger, of Benningers, Northampton county, for the past week was the guest of Hon. L. Rhone. He is the breeder of Holstein-Friesian cattle, and has to his credit hundreds of prizes of various kinds won at exhibitions in many of the eastern and southern states.

The Irvins had a family party at the home of L. C. Irvin, in Bellefonte, Thursday of last week. Mrs. Daniel Irvin, their mother, was there and with Dr. and Mrs. W. U. Irvin, of Unionville; Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Irvin, and Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Irvin, they made up a very delightful gathering about the Thanksgiving board.

D. W. Sweetwood, who for the past year and a half has been in Allenville sawing for the firm of Culp & McMonigal, left for that place beginning of this week after being at the home of his parents near Spring Mills, for a short time. Mrs. Sweetwood will remain with friends about Spring Mills for a week longer before returning to Mifflin county.

# MANY CHINESE DROWNED

## Awful Havoc Wrought By Gale Which Swept Down on Vessels.

## THOUSAND RESCUES ARE REPORTED.

**For Days Disabled Junks Drifted Helplessly About, Their Occupants Suffering From Thirst and Hunger. The Hongkong Government Tender Stanley Rescued a Number, Picking Up Eight Junks and Taking 122 Men Off.**

Victoria, B. C. (Special)).—Advices were received from South China by the Athenian of the loss of thousands of lives as a result of the destruction of several hundred fishing junks in a typhoon off Swatow.

The havoc was awful when the gale swept down on the Chinese vessels. For days disabled junks drifted helplessly about, their occupants suffering from thirst and hunger.

The Hongkong government tender Stanley rescued a number, picking up eight junks and taking 122 men off vessels that were abandoned.

The Stanley then returned to the scene, for the rescued fishermen reported that there were 400 junks fishing off Swatow when the typhoon came on November 4. From the Stanley 57 junks were seen flying distress signals. Several junks were towed to Hongkong and then a third relief cruise was made.

Meanwhile three torpedo boat destroyers, the naval water boat Cherub and a Chinese cruiser were sent out and rescued many. Several hundred men were taken from the wrecked craft suffering greatly, some being without food or water from two to five days.

Of the 400 fishing junks at least 300 are reported disabled or sunk, and thousands of lives were lost.

### DREYFUS GAINS GREAT POINT.

**Judicial Examination to Be Made of Famous Case.**

Paris (By Cable).—The efforts of Alfred Dreyfus to secure a judicial examination of his case have at last been crowned with success. After examining the dossier in the case submitted to him by General Andre, the minister of war, Minister of Justice Valle has transmitted that document, together with the petition of Dreyfus, for a revision of his sentence to M. Durand, the president of a commission instituted by the Ministry of Justice. This commission will pronounce upon the admissibility of the request for a revision of sentence.

M. Dreyfus owes the favorable action taken to the careful consideration given the case by Minister Andre, whose conclusions are regarded as in the highest degree favorable to Dreyfus, since they determined the Minister of Justice to refer the question of a revision to a commission.

Nothing has yet transpired to indicate that General Andre has discovered documents of doubtful authenticity, or that there was maneuvering on the part of the ministry of war during the Dreyfus trial to conceal important facts, though assertions to this effect have been made. It is stated that M. Gribelin, formerly principal keeper of the records of the headquarters' staff, has made important revelations. The commission will receive the documents next Wednesday.

### FORGETS HE EVER WROTE A BOOK.

**Remarkable Example of "Double Consciousness" in David Charters.**

Denver, Col. (Special).—What is pronounced by physicians to be a case of double consciousness, was brought to public notice here by a suit filed by David Charters against the City of Denver for $15,000 damages for injuries to his head, sustained by falling on a defective sidewalk. After the accident, which occurred December 30, 1901, after which Charters proclaimed himself "Daniel the Prophet," and wrote a book, entitled "Daniel S. Vision and Mission; Is Heaven Real; Is Hell Real?"

He preached on the streets and established a prosperous mission. He also traveled about the country as an evangelist. Charters a few weeks ago recovered from his injury and the attendant aberration and declared that the interval following the accident was a blank to him. He had no knowledge of having written a book. After reading the book he pronounced its contents idiotic.

### ARMY WINS EASILY.

**Rolls Up a Football Score of 40 Points to Navy's 5 in Annual Contest.**

Philadelphia (Special).—In one of the most tiresome and uninteresting football games ever witnessed on Franklin Field the West Point eleven defeated the Annapolis team by the score of 40 to 5. The miserable fumbles in rapid succession gave the Navy their only score. As a football game it was a dismal failure, but as a society function it was a glorious success. Seated in boxes around the field were Secretary Root, Secretary Moody, Lieutenant General S. B. M. Young, Major General and Mrs. Chaffee, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Darling, Admiral Taylor, of the Bureau of Navigation; Colonel Mills, superintendent of West Point; Superintendent Brownson, of the Annapolis Naval Academy; Major General Brooke, General Miles, Major General Henry S. Corbin and Mrs. Corbin and many other persons prominent in Army and Navy circles.

### $200,000 New Orleans Fire.

New Orleans (Special).—Fire in the heart of the business and manufacturing districts completely destroyed the plant of the National Biscuit Company, at South Peters and Howard avenue, and damaged considerably a number of surrounding warehouses and other property. The plant covered a square and there was an unusually heavy stock on hand. The loss to the biscuit company and surrounding property is roughly estimated at between $200,000 and $225,000.

## THE LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

### Domestic.

The visit of the Italian cruiser Liguria to San Juan, Porto Rico, has been made the occasion for a show of international good feeling, the sailors of the United States cruiser Baltimore and those of the Liguria fraternizing.

Judge Acheson filed an opinion in the United States Court of Appeals, in Philadelphia, sustaining Judge Kirkpatrick in appointing James Smith, Jr., as receiver for the United States Shipbuilding Company.

The McNair Mill, at Fernandina, Fla., with all the lumber stored in the mill yard, one of the Seaboard Air Line warehouses, was destroyed by fire. The entire waterfront was saved with difficulty.

The W. A. Denecke private bank at Casper, Wyo., capitalized at $5000, but carrying large deposits, failed, overspeculation in poor stock loans being the statement of the cause.

Six persons wree injured, one of them fatally, by the explosion of a boiler on a steam scow belonging to the Empire Shipbuilding Company, at Buffalo, N. Y.

Capt. Oberlin M. Carter having completed his term at Fort Leavenworth for conspiracy to defraud the government, was released and hastened to Chicago.

Commander Robert E. Peary, who arrived at New York on the steamer Philadelphia, spoke with confidence of his ability to reach the North Pole.

Katharine Flynn Ray was arrested in Newark, N. J., on the charge of torturing her niece, Mary Conning, six years old, until the child died.

Rev. William E. Hinshaw, a life prisoner for wife murder in Michigan City Prison, was allowed to go to the bedside of his dying mother.

The San Juan (Porto Rico) office of the Vandegrift Construction Company, interested in a $3,000,000 trolley scheme, has been closed for nonpayment of rent and owing to attachments for salaries in behalf of many engineers, other employes and business creditors.

Mrs. Caroline Koch, aged 46 years, committed suicide at her home, in Philadelphia, upon learning that her daughter had been secretly married in opposition to the family's wishes.

Judge Quarton has appointed Frank Weimar receiver for the State Bank of Germania, Ia. The institution has $25,000 capital and $40,000 of deposits.

Mrs. Mary Ousick and Mrs. Julia Ward, who boarded with Mrs. Ousick, died in New York under circumstances indicating death from some poison.

The Ogden-Lucien cutoff across the Great Salt Lake was formally declared completed and made part of the Harriman system. It has cost $4,200,000.

Under involuntary bankruptcy proceedings the Lacrosse (Wis.) Cheese and Butter Company has been adjudged bankrupt.

The White Star liner Cedric, which was falsely reported to have been lost in midocean, arrived at New York.

The military force in the Cripple Creek (Col.) coal district, where the miners' strike is prevailing, has been increased.

Gen. Ruiz Reyes, representing the government of Columbia, reached New Orleans on his way to Washington.

Elisha B. Gaddis, a multimillionaire, of Newark, N. J., died suddenly of heart failure.

### Foreign.

Prince Jaime, brother of the Princess Alice of Schoenburg-Waldenburg, declares untrue the recent accusations against her, and says the trial of the suit for separation from her husband, Prince Frederico, will soon be begun at Dresden.

M. Oishi, former Japanese minister of commerce, has in a public speech protested against the incessant increase of the Russian forces in the Far East.

Ambassador Tower has been asked to forward an autograph letter from King Peter of Servia, advising President Roosevelt of his accession to the throne.

A violent storm swept the French coast Friday night, the Cities of Bordeaux and La Rochelle suffering much damage.

William J. Bryan has written to St. Petersburg from London to arrange for an interview with Count Tolstoi.

The Russian government is satisfied with Turkey's reply to the Austro-Russian reform scheme for Macedonia.

Five Russian soldiers were killed and nine wounded in a conflict with Chinese robbers in Manchuria.

The taking of testimony in the Fair case was begun before Commissioner Eisler, in Paris.

Lord Roberts is about to resign his position as commander-in-chief of the British Army.

The Austria-Hungarian government has recognized the new Republic of Panama.

United States Minister Powell has refused to acknowledge the provisional government of Santo Domingo and has also denied its demand for the withdrawal of Former Finance Minister Galvan, who, with Judge Gray, of Delaware, has been appointed to arbitrate the Santo Domingo Improvement Compuany matters.

Premier Balfour, in a speech in London, sharply replied to Lord Rosebery's criticisms of the present government's military policy and said the great military problem now was the defense of the large Indian frontier against the great and, he was glad to think, friendly Empire of Russia.

Some uneasiness is felt at the Russian court on account of the inflammation of the Czarina's ear, which does not yield to treatment.

The delay in the settlement of the Russo-Japanese negotiations is due to the inability to agree upon the status of Korea.

Anti-Austrian demonstrations in Rome, the result of the prohibition by the Austrian government of the institution of a free Italian university at Innsbruck, assumed an alarming phase. All over Rome the cry was "Down with Francis Joseph! Let's break the Triple Alliance!"

### Financial.

The bonded debt of the Baltimore & Ohio is now $182,000,000.

Europe has absorbed 100,000 shares of American stock in a week.

There is nothing the matter with the American Locomotive Company except too big a capital for the amount of business it does.

New York Central's net earnings for the September quarter decreased $351,817.

Directors of the Mexican Northern Railway have decided to suspend dividends.

# CONFESS EIGHT MURDERS

## Young Bandits Captured After a Desperate Fight.

## TWO CHICAGO YOUTHS WERE SHOT.

**After a Battle in the Dark Near a Railroad Station in Indiana the Desperadoes, Although Wounded, Kill a Railroad Brakeman, Seize a Locomotive and Force the Engineer to Carry Them Two Miles.**

Chicago (Special).—Chained wrist to wrist, their hair matted with dried blood, their clothing covered with dust and dirt—two beardless boys—Peter Niedermeier and Harvey Van Dine sat in the presence of Mayor Harrison and Chief of Police O'Neil, calmly confessing to their share in a six months' career of crime which has included eight murders, the wounding of five other men and a long series of robberies.

The two young bandits, neither of whom is over 21 years of age, together with their companion, Emil Roeske, who is no older, were captured near Liverpool, Ind., after a fight in which they battled against policemen, railroad detectives, railroad laborers and farmers.

One man was killed, another fatally wounded and all three of the young bandits were wounded, but not seriously.

Neidermeier was wounded in the hand by birdshot; Van Dine was similarly injured, and sustained in addition a flesh wound in the left thigh. Roeski was shot in the right hip. His wound is the most serious of any inflicted upon the three men, but was not sufficiently serious to prevent him from traveling a long distance after receiving it.

The three men were wanted by the police for complicity in the murders at the car barns at the Chicago City Railroad Company on August 30, when two men were killed, a third badly wounded and $2,250 stolen from the company. Gustave Marx, who last Saturday night murdered Officer John Quinn when the policeman endeavored to place him under arrest, confessed after his capture that he, in company with the three men, had committed the crime at the car barns.

There were four desperadoes in the gang, one of whom, Gustav Marx, got drunk, and upon being arrested "peached" on his pals.

These crimes netted the highwaymen $2,540. Emboldened by the success of their depredations and their apparent immunity from detection, outlawry on a wider scale had been planned by the four desperadoes.

The holding up of railroad trains in Chicago was decided on. Dynamite being difficult to buy in Illinois, and being easily traceable, they made a special trip to Cripple Creek, Col., to secure the explosive.

The scheme to hold up a train on the Chicago and Northwestern Road was aborted because the engineer did not stop at their signal.

The hunt for Van Dine, Niedemeier and Roeski has been hot ever since. Although they knew that the entire police force was looking for them, the three men remained in the city until Wednesday morning. "We were 'laying' for a fellow that was a witness against Marx," said Van Dine. On Wednesday they left Chicago, going to a dugout made by railroad laborers near the tracks of the Michigan Central Railroad.

### $160,000 CHARLESTON FIRE.

**Stores of the Shawver Company and Benjamin Baer Destroyed.**

Charleston, W. Va. (Special).—Charleston was visited about 4 o'clock in the morning by the most destructive fire that has occurred there for several years, causing loss amounting to between $60,000 and $75,000.

The fire started in the wholesale and retail housefurnishing store of the W. F. Shawver Company, in the Baer Block, on Kanawha street. The building is a four-story brick, owned by Benjamin Baer, and was occupied by the Shawver Company and Baer's liquor store. The Shawver Company's loss is probably $40,000, with $15,000 insurance, while Baer's stock and loss to building is estimated at about $30,000, with $25,000 insurance. Adjoining property was damaged to the extent of several thousand dollars.

Richard Stanley, a cook in a restaurant adjoining the Baer building, was seriously injured by a falling wall.

### Detective Train Wrecker.

Cripple Creek, Col. (Special).—The full facts regarding the attempted wrecking of the suburban Florence and Cripple Creek train on November 17 were disclosed. It appears that a detective in the employ of the railroad company was one of the three men who removed the spikes and fishplates from a rail. The other two men, it is alleged, were Charles McKinney and Thos. Foster, who are under arrest. Two agents of the railroad were in hiding within 25 feet of where the crime was being attempted. These men were heavily armed, but did not shoot, as to have done so would have endangered the detective's life. Foster's friends assert that he will be able to establish an alibi.

### Offer to Fight Russia.

London (By Cable).—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Telegraph cabies that the viceroys and governors of 13 provinces outside of Chi-Li have offered the Chinese Throne to send 90,000 foreign drilled troops to fight Russia for Manchuria.

### Killed His Little Sister.

Newbern, N. C. (Special).—Samuel S. Lancaster, keeper of the draw of a Neuse river bridge in this city, left his gun, loaded with duckshot, a few minutes in a room where his wife and children were. Mr. Lancaster's oldest daughter, Lottie, aged 12, unnoticed by the mother, picked up the gun and accidentally discharged both barrels. The shot passed through the head of her sister Manilla, aged 5 years, killing her instantly, and entering deeply into the back of her sister Winona, aged 10 years, who is still living, but is in a dangerous condition.

## NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

### Makes Plea For Statehood.

The annual report of Governor Otero, of New Mexico, makes a plea for the admission of the territory to Statehood.

The Governor says during the last year the building of railroads continued with unabated vigor and capital made extensive investments. The finances of the territory are in excellent condition and so are those of the counties and cities, with a few exceptions, caused by loose methods many years ago, and the results of which methods the counties affected are making every effort to overcome. The territory, as well as most of the counties, is reducing its indebtedness, while several counties are refunding their indebtedness at a lower rate of interest.

The assessed valuation of New Mexico shows an increase of about $1,000,000 over that of the preceding year, but as the average assessment rate is only about 20 per cent. of the real value, the actual increase of taxable valuation, owing to the elimination of double assessments, reported in former years, is almost $3,000,000. Tax collections for the last six months by the territory exceeded those of the same period of the previous year by about $50,000.

### Home for Patent Office.

A bill to provide for the construction of a Government building for the sole use of the Patent Office, including a hall of inventions, was introduced in the Senate by Mr. John Daniel, of Virginia. This bill was introduced by the same Senator in May, 1902, but failed of action before the adjournment of Congress a few weeks later.

The bill designates as the proposed site the plats of ground east of the Capitol plaza, between East Capital and B streets and between First and Second streets northeast. So much of A street and Maryland avenue as is embraced in the area named is included.

The building is to be fireproof and erected by a commission to consist of the Secretary of the Interior, the Commissioner of Patents, the First Assistant Secretary of the Interior, the Superintendent of Building of the Library of Congress and the Architect of the Capitol.

To acquire the site and prepare the ground $600,000 is intended to be appropriated and for the building proper $5,000,000. The act is to take effect from the date of its passage.

### To Aid the Filipinos.

For some time the President has been discussing with members of Congress the proposition to reduce the duties on Philippine products coming into this country to 50 per cent. of the Dingley law rates. Considerable opposition has developed to the suggestion, and what the result of the endeavor to secure a reduction of the duties will be cannot now be foretold. The opposition arises principally from congressmen representing sugar and tobacco States. They maintain that if only 50 per cent. of the Dingley rates of duty are levied on sugar and tobacco the industries represented by those products in this country will be impaired seriously. They have indicated to the President that they will make a hard fight against the proposed reduction. It is understood that the President may discuss the subject in his annual message to Congress, but his position regarding it has not been disclosed.

### Confederates as Members.

Representative Robert W. Parker introduced a bill to provide for a national military park commission.

The bill abolishes the present military park commission after July 1, 1905. The new commission is to consist of five members, to be appointed by the President from Civil War veterans and two of them from the Confederate Army. A salary of $3000 for each commissioner is provided.

He also introduced a bill restoring the army canteen. The bill provides: "That fermented malt beverages and light wines, but no ardent spirits, may be sold in post exchanges and on transports, under regulations to be perscribed by the Secretary of War."

### Government Laboratory Buildings.

The Secretary of Agriculture has approved plans for the construction of three laboratory buildings for the Department of Agriculture, at a maximum cost of $1,500,000. The actual operations will begin shortly. These structures form part of the general scheme of ten new buildings for the department. Only the money for the three laboratory buildings thus far has been appropriated.

### Pure Food Bill Revived.

Representative Hepburn introduced a bill known as the Pure Food bill, being the same measure which was reported last Congress by the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

### To Wipe Out Slavery.

Representative M. R. Patterson introduced a bill to abolish slavery in the Philippines and to abrogate the treaty between the United States and the Sultan of Sulu.

### In the Departments.

General Reyes, envoy of Colombia to the United States, who has arrived in Washington to confer with Secretary Hay, says Colombia will grant all the canal concessions provided in the Hay-Herran Treaty free of cost if the United States will permit Colombia to regain Panama.

A man giving his name as Rev. Robert Waters, of Altoona, Pa., was arrested as an alleged crank. He said he had come to collect $2,999,999.99 from President Roosevelt to defray the expense of a trip to Rome.

Secretary Cortelyou ordered the deportation of two aliens who came over with the understanding that they would be employed at the mills of the American Textile Company, in Pawtucket, R. I.

Joseph Naganab, a Chippewa Indian, instituted proceedings against Secretary Hitchcock to have the Forestry Act of 1902 declared unconstitutional.

New assistant attorney generals for the Postoffice Department were appointed to succeed those involved in the scandals.

United States Minister Beaupre cables the State Department that, while excitement still prevails at the Colombian capital, no troops have yet been enlisted, and there are rumors of a revolution in the State of Cauca. There is also talk of the formation of a combination of South American countries against the United States.

# TAKE ACTION IN ADVANCE

## Junta Has Already Decided to Approve Treaty.

## THE U. S. GOVERNMENT NOTIFIED.

**Signed by the Foreign Minister, It Has the Force of a Decree—Treaty Will Be Signed as Soon as Received—Action of the Junta Credited, in a Measure, to the Representations of Mr. Varilla.**

Panama (By Cable).—The junta, composed of Jose Agustin Arango, Tomas Arias and Manual Espinosa, held a meeting at 10 o'clock a. m., all the ministers of state and councilors being present, and unanimously decided to ratify the canal treaty so soon as it is received here, and authorize Minister Bunau-Varilla officially to communicate the junta's decision to the United States Government.

The decision of the junta was received with great joy throughout the isthmus without distinction of parties or classes.

Rear Admirals Walker and Glass have been informed of the action taken by the junta.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Official confirmation of the determination of the Panama junta to ratify the Hay-Bunau-Varilla Panama canal treaty was received by Minister Varilla at 3.30 o'clock. The minister's dispatch is as follows:

"Panama.—Varilla, minister plenipotentiary of the republic of Panama, Washington:

"In view of the approbation given by the delegates, Amador and Boyd (the commissioners who were sent by the government of Panama to confer with Minister Varilla) to the Hay-Bunau-Varilla treaty, you are authorized to notify officially the government of the United States that as soon as the document is received by the junta of the government of the republic of Panama, it will be ratified and signed.

"J. A. ARANGO,
"TOMAS ARIAS,
"MANUEL ESPINOSA."

Countersigned by the minister of foreign relations,

"DE LA ESPRIELLA."

Minister Varilla calls special attention to the fact that the message received by him is signed not only by the members of the junta, but also by the minister of foreign relations, which he says gives the communication the character of a formal decree of the government.

The action taken by the Panama junta doubtless is due in part at least to the urgent representation of Minister Varilla that prompt steps be taken with a view to the ratification of the treaty as soon as it shall reach Panama. Last Saturday the minister cabled a long synopsis of the treaty to Panama, and since that time has been in communication with the government on the subject.

Francisco de F. Manotas, who arrived at New York from Savanilla, is a member of the commission sent by the Governor of the state of Bolivar to the United States to obtain information as to the real state of affairs on the Isthmus of Panama. His departure was delayed at the time his fellow commissioners—who arrived in Washington some days ago—left Bolivar.

### LETTER WRITERS ARRESTED.

**Secret Service Men Think They May Be Dangerous to the President.**

New York (Special).—Chas. Treshon, who is charged with writing letters to President Roosevelt, complaining that an influential person in governmental circles in Washington has an electric battery which is attached to the soles of Threshon's feet and so militates against his chances of seeing the President, was sent to Bellevue Hospital for examination as to his sanity. When arraigned before Magistrate Mayo the prisoner said he was a "double sun." None of the letters contained any threats.

Threshon, it was said by Secret Service officials, has twice before been arrested, once on January 6, 1895, when he sent a letter to President Cleveland from Baltimore, containing allusions to the electric current which prevented him from reaching the President, and again in 1901, when he sent a similar letter to President McKinley and was arrested, declared insane and sent to a hospital in Washington.

Another arrest of the same nature was made later when Kalman Fodessy was taken into custody by officers of the Secret Service and sent to Bellevue for examination. Fodessy is a watchmaker, who came to this country from Budapest two years ago. For some time he has been writing letters to President Roosevelt, chiefly about police officials of Buffalo, and when arrested he told a rambling, disconnected story. At the time of his arrest he had a 10-page typewritten letter addressed to the President in his possession.

### Shot Dead on the Street.

New York (Special).—Observing a man whom he believed to be a burglar leaving the apartment in which he lives in Elbridge street, Harold Andressen opened fire from a second-story window and killed the man as he was passing down the street. The dead man proved to be Morris Gropper, a tailor, who bore an excellent reputation. Andressen, who was arrested, told the police that he was aroused by someone trying to enter his apartment, and on his demanding to know who was there heard the intruder run down stairs. Then he reached the window in time to see a man leaving the house, and fired on him after he had refused to halt.

### Left Estate of $28,301,765.

New York (Special).—The appraisal of the estate of Collis P. Huntington, who died on August 13, 1900, shows that he left a net real and personal estate in this State valued at $28,301,765. The gross personalty amounted to $35,594,586, from which are deducted the debts due by the estate, the expenses of administration and the executors' commissions. The appraisal was directed by the Surrogate's Court.

## TIMBERS TORN FROM THE WALLS.

**Terrific Explosion in Mine Also Causes Great Damage to Property.**

Fort Smith, Ark. (Special).—Thirteen miners were killed and great damage was done by an accidental explosion of gas in coal mine No. 20, at Bonanza, Ark., twelve miles from this city.

When the explosion occurred there were about 175 men in the various shafts. All escaped without injury except the thirteen who were employed in entry "K," the scene of the explosion.

The force of the explosion was terrific and timbers were torn from the walls of the passages for several hundred yards at the mouth of entry "K."

The passages were so completely obstructed that the work of rescuing the entombed men was tedious in the extreme and several hours were consumed before the first body was found.

It is thought that the gas was accidentally ignited by a miner's lamp.

The miners who escaped, with the aid of others summoned from nearby shafts immediately set about clearing the passages in the hope that some of the thirteen entombed men might have survived the explosion.

By nightfall six bodies had been recovered and the rescue work was still in progress.

It is now considered certain that all of the entombed men have perished.

### THE PRICE REDUCED.

**United States Gets Honolulu Naval Station for $75,000.**

Honolulu (Special).—A compromise has been affected between the United States. For this amount the plantation Company in the matter of the lands of the corporation desired by the government for the naval station at Pearl Harbor.

The verdict of a jury had fixed the price to be paid at $102,000. An appeal was taken, and the case has now been settled by the payment into the Federal Court of $75,000 by the United State. For this amount the plantation company will give deeds to the property and the government will acquire all the land needed for the naval station. This settles the last of the Pearl Harbor land suits.

### A PLUCKY GIRL.

**Burns Cords From Her Wrists and Chases Burglar From House.**

Chicago, Ill. (Special).—After having been bound and gagged by a colored thief in the residence of Mrs. R. A. Barclay, on Grand Boulevard, a plucky 16-year-old girl, employed as a domestic burned the cords from her wrists and chased the intruder from the house with a carving knife. This is the story as related by the girl, whose name is Anna Hastings.

Opening the cellar door in response to a knock, she says a colored man seized her by the throat, dragged her to the kitchen, and after tying her forced a napkin into her mouth, while he proceeded to ransack the house. The girl dragged herself to the range and succeeded in freeing herself, receiving a severe burning in the operation.

### "Elijah" Sued.

Detroit, Mich. (Special).—A Free Press dispatch from Muskegon, Mich., says: "A. C. McClurg & Co., of Chicago, began suit against John Alexander Dowie, leader of the Christian Catholic Church, by filing an attachment against Ben MacDhui, the palatial summer home of Dowie at White Lake. The amount of the claim is $998.28, alleged to be due for books purchased by Dowie for the magnificent library at Ben MacDhui."

### Eighteen Were Drowned.

Stacanger, Norway (Special).—The Norwegian steamer Victoria was stranded during the storm off this port. Sixten members of the crew and two persons who were passengers on board of her were drowned. Five persons were rescued from the steamer.

### SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

While President Roosevelt was in New York attending the funeral of the late James King Gracie, A. B. Deming, a harmless crank, made his way through the army of officers and placed a letter in the President's hands asking that he recommend Deming's charcoal cure for cancer to Emperor William.

President Remsen, of the Johns Hopkins University, and Professor Updegraff, of the Girls' Latin School, delivered addresses at the convention of the Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools of the Middle States and Maryland.

The Probate Court judge in New Haven, Ct., entered a decree that the documents making the bequest to Bryan could not be recorded as part of the will of Philo S. Bennett.

Grover Cleveland wrote a letter to St. Clair McKelway declaring that he cannot open his mind to the thought of becoming a candidate for the presidency.

The American Flint-glass Manufacturers' Association announced a reduction of from 18 to 14 cents. Wages will be reduced accordingly.

The country home of William Welsh Harrison, at Glenside, a suburb of Philadelphia, was robbed of jewelry valued at $25,000.

The barge Ogartia, lumber laden, struck a submerged crib near the entrance to Cleveland harbor while coming in and sank.

The German army officers have secured spectacles with special "aiming lenses" to enable private soldiers to shoot straight.

Alfred J. Frith, who murdered Frederick J. Bailey, naval store keeper at Esquimalt, B. C., was hanged at Victoria, B. C.

John K. Duke, defaulting cashier of the Royal Building and Loan Association, committed suicide in Portsmouth, O.

## THE WIND OF SORROW.

The fire of love was burning, yet so low
That in the dark we scarce could see its rays,
And in the light of perfect-placid day
Nothing but smoldering embers dull and slow.
Vainly, for love's delight, we sought to throw
New pleasure on the pyre to make it blaze;
In life's calm air and tranquil, prosperous ways
We missed the radiant heat of long ago.
Then in the night, a night of sad alarms,
Bitter with pain and black with fog of fears
That drove us trembling to each other's arms—
Across the gulf of darkness and salt tears,
Into life's calm the wind of sorrow came,
And fanned the fire of love to clearest fame.
—Henry Van Dyke, in the Century.

# A Pastoral Love Story.

## An Idyll of the Early South African Settlements.

BY ADELAIDE M. FENTON.

In the year 1860 that part of South Africa known as the Orange Free State was a quiet, peaceful land, thinly inhabited by the Boer farmers, content with the simple comforts of their immense estates and unvexed by the rush and bustle of the outside world.

Then and there to be the owner of a store was by no means a bad start in life; and to be an Englishman was—in those days—an honorable distinction. Therefore, young John Warren held his head high, for his was the only store—a sixty by forty shanty, stocked with every variety of the simple merchandise needed by the farmers—in the Churchdrop of the district, and center of trade for the Boers who dwelt widely scattered along the fertile valley of the Orange River.

Here, assisted by an Afrikander youth named Peter—who despised agriculture and aspired to own a store of his own—John ran a successful business with the Mynheeren, and was unfrequently consulted as an oracle by the Meffrowen who rode in, once a month, from their far away homes, to meet in church, to buy and sell, and to absorb the infrequent news that flitted in from the far-off world.

The men would sometimes come on skittish horses, but more often it was the great, tented wagon, drawn by fourteen sleek and carefully matched oxen, and carrying a whole family, that would rumble up alongside the store. From these would emerge dames, imperious and stout, accompanied by pretty daughters and nieces, whom it was John's duty and—as to the girls—privilege, to assist to alight and convey to his counters. There, with all pleasure, and as much profit as he could make, he would try to suit the varied tastes of his fair customers.

One day a quite aristocratic vehicle, a hooded cart drawn by four fine horses, instead of the wagon and slow-moving oxen, drove up to the door. Peter flew out, and presently ushered in a portly and very loud-voiced lady accompanied by a tall, slim girl, whom the dame addressed as Minna.

At Peter's signal, John turned over to him the customer with whom he was bargaining, and hastened to pay business court to the evidently important new comer. The graceful carriage of the girl piqued his curiosity, the more that her face was entirely concealed by an extra big sunbonnet—the "kapji," worn by all Boer maidens who value their complexion.

Rustic finery for herself and daughter was the elder lady's quest. Nor was she easily pleased. But as the heap of materials grew upon the counter, the young lady would no longer be restrained. To see better, she pushed back her sunbonnet, revealing to John's astonished eyes a refined and delicately flushed face, lighted by large gray eyes, shaded by long lashes. She blushed prettily as, looking up to ask the price of a silk, she caught the young man's admiring gazed fixed upon her. But his admiration seemed not displeasing, for presently a half-smile—and that upon her own initiative—in his direction, bound him her slave for life.

"Minna—close your cappy!" snapped the careful mother, who perhaps had caught the fleeting love-glance. Obediently and in silence the well-trained daughter veiled his sun, to John's disgust.

"Peter," said John, as they stood at the door watching the cloud of dust in which the cart had disappeared, "who is she?"

"Don't you know," the lad replied. "That's my aunt, Juffron van Haaren. Ach! but old tante is a good one to make a fellow work. Look at all that stuff to be put away." "Oh, bother your aunt!" snapped John. "Who's the young lady?" Peter grinned and jumped out of arm's length, as he retorted: "You are not the first one to ask that. She's Minna van Haraen, and her father owns more land and more sheep than any one in the Free State. But she is hard to please, if that's what you are thinking about."

At this John's heart sank. What chance had he? A storekeeper and a foreigner! But this did not prevent him from thinking by day and dreaming by night of those grey eyes, and that smile which might have meant so much. Then would recur the thought: "She is an heiress; what can I do?"

Under this discipline John became as disagreeable as was possible for such a wholesome fellow to be, until one day his friend Dirck Maritz, declared him an unsociable dog and asked him what ailed him. Then out came his story of the unattainable fair one. Dirck was sympathetic, though much amused. "Well, you have got it bad," he remarked, "but I think I can help you. What do you say to riding out with me tomorrow evening? It is only twenty miles. Van Haaren and I came up together in the great trek. If I introduce you to his house, you will be as one of us."

The prospect of seeing his adored one acted like a charm upon John, and the next evening saw the friendly Afrikander and the lovesick Englishman riding toward the Van Haaren homestead. The sun had set when they reached the "werf" and greeted Veldkornet Mynheer van Haaren, whom they found seated upon the broad stone "stoep" of his big brick house, smoking in the peaceful stillness of the velvety cool twilight of upland South Africa.

"Come in Dirck, old friend!" he cried as the visitors dismounted and gave over their horses to the native servants. "Who is he?" he added, pointing with his pipe to John. Maritz presented him, adding a low-spoken sentences, whereat the Boer's manner changed, and grasping John's hand, he exclaimed heartily: "Come along and have some supper; my wife has mentioned you." John's heart leaped.

The evening meal was spread in a great square room. Seated majestically before a huge coffee urn, which hissed above a pan of live charcoal, was Tante van Haaren, and at her side—oh, rapture!—stood Minna. Such a demure maiden she looked as, with downcast eyes, she gave John her hand in the conventional greeting. But she started with a quick blush as her father said in a low tone: "Wife, Dirck Maritz introduces the young man." And she slipped away into an inner room for a few minutes.

The dignified hausfrau filled the cups with coffee, which Minna—a Hebe of the sheepfolds—handed around. To John that cup was nectar; and when his devouring eyes at length caught hers, her ingenious blush intoxicated him.

His spirits rose. To the simple Boers his little anecdotes were the cream of wit; and by the time the meal was ended, both the old people loved him. "Good, good—for an Englishman"—chuckled mynheer once and again.

Then, somehow, somewhere, John found himself seated beside his girl, upon the great wooden settle which, covered by two great lion skins, stretched its comfortable length in the ingle-nook.

One by one the others had slipped away, and a significant candle burned upon a side table.

It seemed almost a dream. Yesterday so far away, today so near—permitted to take to her, even!

The maiden, however, made no effort to entertain him, but with downcast eyes answered his every remark with a hesitating "yes" or a whispered "no," till poor John, fearing his advances were unwelcome, sadly said:

"Good night, Miss Van Haaren, I fear I am keeping you too late."

Ah, then, indeed, the girl was moved. Lifting up those great grey eyes, she said: "B-u-t the candle burns yet!" John had, however, not been long enough in the Free State to understand, so he rose and marched somewhat sulkily to the room jutting out upon the stoep, to which he and Dirck had been shown earlier in the evening as their guest chamber. There, sunk in the depths of a billowing feather bed, beside the snoring Dirck, he smothered his disappointment.

The sun was but peeping when they were called to "early coffee." There horses were standing fed, groomed and saddled at the door. Mamma did not appear; but Minna? Oh, yes. While Dirck and Papa were in animated conversation, she slipped alongside of John with his cup of coffee and, as she gave it him, said—very low, but with a charming smile—a few words which, to John's unaccustomed ear, conveyed no tangible meaning at all; and he parted without hope.

Followed by the farmer's hearty shout of "Come again; come soon," they rode away. When the first burst of the fresh horses had settled into a steady lope, Dirick asked: "Well—and what did she say to you?"

"Say!" answered John bitterly; "the only connected sentence she uttered from first to last, was this morning, when she gave me coffee. That's what I have got for being a presumptuous fool. I'll sell out and go right back to Capetown—or more likely to the ———."

"So, so. But what did she say?" persisted Dirck.

"Just nothing. As she gave me coffee this morning, she just remarked: 'I have five thousand sheep.' Now wh——."

Dirck's shrill whistle of amazement stopped all further comment. "Man!" he shouted, "that's quick work. Five thousand sheep. She said that right out? You are in luck. Why, in this country, a girl to mention her wealth to a carle who has 'sat up with her,' is a proposal of marriage. Go and ask her father as soon as you like. What Minna wants her father will give her—even if it is an Englishman Oh, you lucky beggar!"

And this is how it came about that John Warren married the richest girl in the Free State long before the witching diamonds and the fatal gold came to sow dissension and bring forth death.—Los Angelos Times.

### A FORTUNE UNEXPECTEDLY.

**Prospector Unable to Keep Up With His Party Finds Gold.**

"Blind luck is the most remarkable thing," said an old mechanic to a Star reporter. "In 1854, with a party of other young men belonging in Washington, I started out to California to find gold. On our arrival there we learned of the great finds on the Frazer River in British Columbia, which created as much excitement as the gold fever in California, and our party decided to go there. There were seven of us in the party, all of us good looking, but it turned uot that was the only thing in our favor, and it did not help us much. While in San Francisco a young German, a dishwasher in a restaurant, who knew of our intention to go up into British Columbia, asked to join the party. His only recommendation was that he could cook and was willing to do so. He was about the ugliest looking young man that any of us had ever seen. His face resembled that of a sheep, and was entirely devoid of intelligence. We needed a cook and consented to take him along. The trip was made during the winter, and much of it was on the snow. Finally we arrived at the gold fields and began prospecting under the most difficult circumstances. Our cook became footsoore and it was impossible for him to walk a step farther, and we decided that we would have to drop him on the road to do the best he could for himself. It was rough to have to desert him, but there was no way out of it. We built him a log hut, cut a great quantity of wood and left him as much provisions as we could spare out of our store and then bade him good-bye. He thanked us for our kindness in providing for him as well as we did and said he would be willing to take his chances of getting out of the country. His feet had swollen so that he could not wear shoes, and for over a week before we left him he had worn moccasins made out of gunny sacks. He spent the rest of the winter there, but we went on. As the fire in his hut melted off the snow he found that it was located on a pile of rock. Needing some of the rock to reconstruct his chimney, he by accident or luck discovered that the rock was particularly heavy, but he had sense enough to keep the discovery to himself. Several times during the winter parties passed by and provisioned him. In the spring he located a claim immediately under his hut and set out his stakes. A few weeks afterward a party of Englishmen came along and very gladly paid him $50,000 for his claim and besides gave him a tenth interest in it. Before he left there he had a bank account of over $150,000. He is living today and owns real estate, including a hotel, in San Francisco, which is valued at about $400,000. What became of the party? Oh, nothing. We kept on prospecting until our supplies and money ran out, and then, when the cold weather ended, we were glad enough to reach San Francisco, where the most of the party got work at our trades and in time managed to get back to Washington. They are all dead now except our cook and myself. Though I am seventy-five years of age, I am still at work at my trade, house painting and varnishing. I am good looking yet, my grandchildren say, but I would have preferred the luck of the sheep-faced man."—Washington Star.

### Bismarck and His Dogs.

Each year during my stay Bismarck gave a dinner to the diplomatic corps on the Emperor's birthday. The table was set then, as now, in the great hall of the Chancellor's palace—the hall in which the Conference of Berlin was held after the Russo-Turkish War. The culminating point of each dinner was near its close when the Chancellor arose and, after a brief speech in French, proposed the health of the heads of all the states there represented. This was followed by a toast to the health of the Emperor, given by the senior member of the diplomatic corps, and shortly after came an adjournment for coffee and cigars. One thing was, at first sight, somewhat startling: as Bismarck arose to propose the toast, the big black head of a Danish dog appeared upon the table on each side of him; but the bearing of the dogs was so solemn that they really detracted nothing from the dignity of the occasion.—Andrew D. White, in the Century.

### How Glaciers Run Mills.

Switzerland and Southern France are using their glaciers to turn their mills. At certain altitudes in various localities these mighty fields of ice and snow as they come booming down the mountain side melt into slush and water. This is now diverted into pipes and ducts and carried thousands of feet to the electric plants and mills in the valleys below. Hydraulic engineers in France say that the water power in the mountainous districts of that country alone can produce electrical energy equal to 10,000,000 horse power.

# HOUSEHOLD.

### TO SAVE THE TABLE TOP.

Housewives who have suffered vexatious damage to table tops, trays and tablecloths by the heated bottoms of tea-pots will welcome the simple little safeguard of non-conducting feet permanently attached to the bottom, which is a feature of a newly patented design. By adding these feet, made of some suitable non-conducting material, the warmest vessels may be placed on a polished table without damaging the finish. Tea-pot stands and table mats afford equal protection, but there is no guarantee that a thoughtless or careless servant will not forget to use them, even if provided. As the feet are a part of the pot, they are an unfailing safeguard.

### ARRANGING A BEDROOM.

Have the bed free from the wall on three sides and so arranged that the morning light will not stare in the sleeper's face.

Place a small stand at the head of the bed, containing lamp or candle matches and a clock.

If possible have the register near enough to the bed to be operated from it.

The door of the room should swing toward the bed, screening rather than disclosing it, says the Chicago Journal.

Let the closet be placed so that when the door is open its contents will not be exposed to view from the entrance.

It is well to have the closet near a window, that it may be easily lighted and aired.

Put the dressing table between two windows.

There ought to be, also, at least one rocker, one or two other chairs, and a low stool for putting on shoes, in the room.

### CASHMERE SHEETS.

Each season brings something new in the realm of bedding. There have been linen sheets, cambric sheets, sheets of silk and sheets embroidered and lace trimmed. This year marks the introduction of cashmere sheets.

Cashmere sheets are treasures that fill a woman's heart with delight. If she has her monogram worked on them in silk, there is little more to be desired. Bed linen has not been ousted, but cashmere holds a place of its own in the household economy. The fastidious traveler is given to cashmere sheets, and they are used at hotels, where there is a possibility that the bedding may be damp. They are also used on yachts where they are welcome as a protection from cold as well as dampness. There are home-staying people who use them in winter, and still others who believe in them the year through. They have none of the objectionable qualities of flannel.

A woman who goes in for cashmere sheets usually gets four for a bed and replenishes her stock a sheet at a time as they wear out. She will probably take the natural color, because it will not shrink, while the white may change slightly. The natural wool is delicate in shade and not objectionable.

### TASTE IN COOKERY.

There is no excuse for ornamenting food with flowers that bear no relation to it, or with colored paste decorations of flour and lard, raw turnip monstrosities or paper pelerines and ruches. These may well be left to the cheap restaurant. The important thing to bear in mind is that the garnish should harmonize with the dish it decorates, and thereby make it taste better as well as look better. Garnishes may be either hot or cold, acid, spicy or sweet, according to the dish with which they are served. Vegetables are chiefly used for a hot garnish. Pretty color effects may be obtained by cutting different vegetables into hearts or circles with a vegetable cuthter, cooking them in boiling water until tender, and then arranging them with geometric precision into groups or mounds of contrasting or harmonious colors.

Carrots, for instance, give yellow; peas, beans, brussels sprouts or spinach, green; tomatoes and beets, red; and potatoes, cauliflower, celery or turnip, white. This method of garnishing is specially good for beef **a la** mode. Use nothing for a roast that will interfere with the carving. A little parsley, a few tiny croquettes or spoonfuls of vegetables is quite sufficient. For chops, use a border of green peas; for steaks a few stems of cress, a little sliced lemon or mushrooms. Aspic is the prettiest garnish for tongue, and sliced and fried apples for pork and ham.—Indianapolis News.

### RECIPES.

Hot Slaw.—Cut the cabbage the same as for cold slaw; boil it until tender in boiling salted water; drain it thoroughly; make a sauce with two level tablespoonfuls of butter, half a level teaspoonful of salt, a little white and cayenne pepper and half a cupful of vinegar; pour this over the cabbage in the pan and let stand on the back of the range ten minutes.

Egg Rolls.—Rub two tablespoonfuls of butter into two cupfuls of flour, add two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one teaspoonful of sugar and half a teaspoonful of salt; beat one egg, add to it half a cupful of milk; pour this over the flour, mix to a dough, toss on a floured board, roll out to half an inch thick, cut in rounds and bake in a hot oven fifteen minutes.

## COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

### General Trade Conditions.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade" says: Labor organizations are accepting reductions in wages without controversy, which removes one threatening industrial factor, and in several branches of business orders are more numerous, but in the steel industry there is little expectation of liberal buying until 1904. Construction work is decreasing, despite optimistic reports of more building permits issued last month than a year ago. There is no complaint of traffic congestion that was so frequent last year at this time, railway earnings, 6.1 per cent. higher than in November to date in 1902, testifying to the increase in facilities.

Failures this week were 249 in the United States, against 266 last year and 17 in Canada, compared with 24 a year ago.

"Bradstreet's" says: Wheat, including flour, exports for the week aggregate 2,974,277 bushels, against 3,659,823 bushels last week, 5,277,672 this week last year, 5,517,930 in 1901 and 3,827,293 in 1900. Corn exports for the week aggregate 1,391,625 bushels, against 1,688,282 last week, 243,381 a year ago, 445,351 in 1901 and 5,235,568 in 1900.

### LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Spring clear, $3.85@4.05; best Patent $5.25; choice Family $4.35.

Wheat—New York No. 2, 87⅝c; Philadelphia No. 2, 84¼@85c; Baltimore No. 2, 85c.

Corn—New York, No. 2, 53⅜; Philadelphia No. 2, 48½@49c; Baltimore No. 2, 49c.

Oats—New York No. 2, 42c; Philadelphia No. 2, 41@42c; Baltimore No 2, 38½c.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Apples—Maryland and Virginia, per brl fancy, $1.00@1.25; do, fair to good 75c@$1.00. Beets—Native, per bunch, 1½@2c. Cabbage—Native, per 100 $2.00@2.50; do, New York State, per ton, $12.00@13.00. Cauliflower—New York, per brl or crate, $1.50@2.25. Cranberries—Cape Cod, per brl $7.00@8.00; do, per box $1.75@2.00. Celery—New York State, per dozen 30@50c; do, native, per bunch 2½@3½. Carrots—Native, per bunch 1@1½. Grapes—Concords, per 5-lb basket 13@14c; do, Niagara, do, 15@17; do, Catawba, do, 13@14; do, New York Salems, per basket 14@15. Horseradish—Native, per bushel box $1.25@1.75. Lettuce—Native, per bushel box 30@60c. Kale—Native, per bushel box 15@20c. Lima beans—Native, per bushel box $1.25@1.50. Onions—Maryland and Pennsylvania, yellow, per bu 50@60c. Oranges—Florida, per box, as to size, $2.25@3.00. Pumpkins—Native each 2½@3½c. Quinces—New York State, per brl $4.00@5.00. String beans—Anne Arundel, per bu, green, $1.00@1.25. Spinach—Native, per bushel box 30@40c. Tomatoes—Anne Arundel, per ⅝-basket 25@40c. Turnips—Native, per bushel box 20@25c.

Cheese—Large, 60 lbs, 12½@12¾c; do, 36 lbs, 12⅝@12¾; 24 lbs, 13@13¼.

Potatoes.—White—Native, per bushel box 55@60c; do, Maryland and Pennsylvania, prime, per bu 60@63; do, do, seconds, per bu 50@55; do, New York, prime, per bu 63@65. Sweets—Yellows Maryland and Virginia, per brl $1.00@1.25; do, do, per flour barrel $1.25@1.35; do, do, Anne Arundel, per brl $1.15@1.25. Yams—Virginia, per brl 75@90c; do, Potomac, Maryland, per brl 75@90.

Live and Dressed Poultry.—Turkeys, young, 7 pounds and over 13½@14c; do old, do, do 12@13; do small and poor 10@11. Chickens—Hens, heavy to medium, 10@10½c; do, small and poor, 9½@10; old roosters, each, 25@30; young, good to choice, 11½@12; staggy 10@10½; do, rough and poor, —@9½. Ducks—White Pekings, 4 lbs and over, 12@12½c; mongrels, 3½ to 4 lbs, 11@12. Geese—Western and Southern, each, 50@70. Guinea fowls, each, 20@25c. Pigeons, old strong flyers per pair, 20@25c; do, young, do, do, 20@25. Dressed Poultry—Turkeys, choice, 14½15c; do, medium to good, 12½@13½. Ducks, good to choice, 12@13c. Chickens, young, good to choice 12@12½c; mixed, old and young, 10@12; poor to medium 9@10. Geese, good to choice, 9@11c.

Eggs.—Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, loss off, per dozen, 28@—c; Eastern Shore (Maryland and Virginia), do do, —@27; Virginia, do do, —@27; West Virginia, do do, 26@—; Western, do do, —@27; Southern, do do, 24@25; storage, fancy, at mark, do do, 21½@22; do, good to choice, at mark, do do, 20@21.

### Live Stock.

New York.—Dressed beef steady; city dressed native sides, extreme range, 6@9c per pound. Cables quoted American steers at 11¼c, top prices dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 8¼@8½ per pound; exports, 50 cattle. Hogs—Receipts, 1415 head; slightly firmer; a bunch of rough mixed Jersey sold at $5 per 100 pounds.

Chicago.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5@5.70; poor to medium, $3.25@4.75; stockers and feeders, $1.75@4.25; cows, $1.50@4; heifers, $2@5; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $1.75@4.25; calves, $2@5.70; Texas-fed steers, $2.75@3.50; Western steers, $3@4.50. Hogs—Receipts today, 10,000 head; tomorrow, 18,000; opened steady; closed 10c lower; mixed and butchers $4.60@5.05; good to choice heavy, $4.65@5; rough heavy, $4.20@4.60; light, $4.45@5; bulk of sales, $4.60@4.90.

### INDUSTRIAL AND SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

The average journey of a ton of freight is 128 miles.

There were 9700 American tourists in Switzerland last summer.

Seven Kentucky feuds have resulted in 250 murders and but two hangings.

Wireless communication has been established between Japan and Formosa.

The paper bills of the United States printing office amount to $750,000 a year.

The capital of the railroads is more than five times as great as that of all the banks.

There are nearly 6,000,000 farms in the United States, the average size being 140 acres.

More than one-third of the inmates of the Elmira, N. Y., State's prison are well educated.

In the Santa Clara Valley, California, five square miles are devoted to the raising of onion seeds.

Within fifty years Russia has acquired new territory which in area is larger than the United States.


**Centre Hall Hotel**

CENTRE HALL, PA.
JAMES W. RUNKLE, Prop.

Newly equipped. Bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders given special attention. Healthy locality. Beautiful scenery. Within three miles of Penns Cave, a most beautiful subterranean cavern; entrance by a boat. Well located for hunting and fishing.
Heated throughout. Free carriage to all trains.

**Hotel Haag**

BELLEFONTE, PA.
F. A. NEWCOMER, Prop.
Heated throughout. Fine Stabling.
RATES, $1.00 PER DAY.
Special preparations for Jurors, Witnesses, and any persons coming to town on special occasions. Regular boarders well cared for.

**Spring Mills Hotel**

SPRING MILLS, PA.
GEORGE C. KING, Prop.
First-class accommodations at all times for both man and beast. Free bus to and from all trains. Excellent Livery attached. Table board first-class. The best liquors and wines at the bar.

**Old Fort Hotel**

ISAAC SHAWVER, Proprietor.
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.
RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

**Penn's Valley Banking Company**

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W. B. MINGLE, Cashier
Receives Deposits . .
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**BARGAINS!**

The readers of this paper are constantly upon the alert to ascertain where goods can be purchased at the lowest prices, and if a merchant does not advertise and keep the buyer conversant with his line of goods, how can he expect to sell them?

**THINK OVER THIS!**

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1903.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: "00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

## Spring Mills.

Mrs. H. S. Braucht is entertaining her sister, Mrs Condo, of Bellefonte, this week.

D. H. Slegal, since his return from Milroy, where he was employed, had the misfortune to injure his back in a fall. It annoys him considerably.

Archibald Allison and daughter, of Bellefonte; Dr. and Mrs. Alexander, of Centre Hall, and Ed. Allison, of Potters Mills, graced the Thanksgiving board at the home of Hon. Wm. M. Allison last Thursday.

Henry M. Hettinger, wife and two children, of Altoona, are visiting parents and relatives in town and vicinity.

Rev. J. V. Royer and M. B. Runkle came home for their Thanksgiving dinner. The former assisted in the union services conducted in the Reformed church last Thursday evening.

Ward Gramley accompanied by his friend, Prof. Diehl, of Pine Grove Mills, spent Thanksgiving with his parents.

Mrs. Jesse Wert and daughter Katharine, of Aaronsburg, and Miss Florence Gramley, of Rote, were guests at the home of C. E. Zeigler Saturday.

John Leitzell, of Lewisburg, spent last week in this section gunning.

J. Frank Rearick, of Lewisburg, was in town last week.

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Emory Ripka and wife spent Sunday with his parents at Centre Hill.

Ellis Shaffer and Harvey Confer, of Millheim, spent Sunday at Spring Mills.

J. I. Condo, turnkey of Bellefonte jail, spent a day with his family.

Robert Van Valzah, a student at Princeton, spent several days at the home of Hon. Wm. M. Allison.

The Lutherans are making great preparations for their entertainment on Christmas eve, and the public can expect something entirely different from former occasions, and the little folks will be bountifully remembered.

Bruce W. Ripka, the merchant, says advertising greatly increased his business; he is doing a cash business, and low prices.

Monday was a good rabbit day and the hunters were out in full force and met with good success.

R. D. Runkle expects to move to Shamokin in the near future.

R. G. Kennelly moved back from the Seven Mountains where he kept a boarding house for Richley Bros.

## Harris Township.

The ladies of the Presbyterian missionary society held their monthly meeting on Saturday at the home of Miss Margaret Lytle. Those of the Lutheran church will meet Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Mary Hess.

Wm. Fisher, wife and son, of Sunbury, and Edward Myers, wife and daughter, of Bellefonte, spent Thanksgiving day in Boalsburg.

Misses Effie Long and Katharine Meyer visited friends at Pine Hall on Saturday.

Misses Gussie and Marion Murray sbent Saturday at Centre Hall.

Mrs. Wm. Goheen and sister, Mrs. Magoffin, returned from a visit to Philadelphia.

Wm. and David Stuart returned to their home at Pittsburg; they were accompanied by their aunt, Priscilla Stuart, who expects to spend the winter with them.

Mrs. Amanda Walker is visiting friends in Clinton county.

Alexander Miller attended court last week as a juror.

Mrs. Wesley Decker, of Altoona, is visiting in this place.

Mrs. George Hosterman and Mrs. Cal. Wieland and her little boys did some shopping at Tusseyville Tuesday.

Mrs. Mothersbaugh and son Daniel are visiting at Williamsport.

J. M. Wieland and Oscar Rishel made a business trip to Huntingdon last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Mervin Kuhn, of Rebersburg, visited here last week.

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To improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion, try a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Mr. J. H. Seitz, of Detroit, Mich., says, "They restored my appetite when impaired, relieved me of a bloated feeling and caused a pleasant and satisfactory movement of the bowels." There are people in this community who need just such a medicine. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills. Every box warranted.

## Rebersburg.

Rev. C. B. Harman preached his farewell sermon Sunday evening to a large and appreciative audience. He left on Monday morning for Columbus, Ohio, where he will take charge of a mission sustained by the Ladies Missionary Societies of the Lutheran church.

There is a singing class being instructed, in the High School building which will end in a grand concert on Monday evening.

Mrs. T. A. Auman is again able to do her own work after a severe illness.

H. G. Krape, our hustling piano man, was home over Sunday.

There are hopes for the recovery of Mrs. H. A. Detwiler, who about a month ago tramped on a piece of glass.

Mrs. Forest Ocker and children, of Bellefonte, are visiting the lady's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bierly.

Prof. E. M. Brungart and wife, of Mifflinburg, were home to spend their Thanksgiving vacation under the parental roof.

Prof. C. O. Frank spent his Thanksgiving vacation at Selinsgrove.

Mrs. G. E. Limbert and son Paul, of Danville, spent Sunday in our town.

J. W. Harter, one of our enterprising merchants, has placed quite an addition to his store building.

## Aaronsburg.

Miss Mary Burley, of Tyrone, is visiting at the residence of Mrs. T. J. Foster.

Frank Weiser and family, of Altoona, are the guests of H. K. Summers, Justice of the Peace.

Miss Florence Smull, of Rote, spent a few days last week with her cousin, Katharine Smull.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Wyle and two children, of Mifflinburg, spent a few days at the home of Jacob Wyle.

Henrietta Kline spent a day last week with friends at Millheim.

Miss Eliza Moore, of Centre Hall, is nursing Grandmother Harter. Mrs. Evans, her former nurse, left for her home in Rebersburg.

Prof. Harrington, assisted by Miss Elder, favored the audience in the Reformed church Sunday evening by singing several pieces of sacred music. It was a treat to have them here and all will be pleased to hear that they will return and try to organize a singing class, as instruction in music is much needed in this place.

Caroline Knarr, of Millheim, spent the greater part of last week with friends in this place.

Adam Bowersox, of Seanor, Somerset county, was in town Monday.

## Lemont.

Clayton Etters and wife were in Bellefonte Wednesday of last week doing some shopping.

John Barton and wife, of Pittsburg, spent Thanksgiving at the home of Anthony Knopf.

James C. Williams returned home Wednesday, after spending a few weeks in Cambria county.

The hunting party from town spent Thanksgiving on Tussey Mountain and had a fine trip, but did not succeed in getting any game.

John Fogleman, the young man who had his hand so badly used up with a corn husker last week, is getting along as well as can be expected.

Last Thursday night was the coldest of the season.

The large porkers in this vicinity were killed by the following persons: Geo. Mantz, 302 pounds; Grant Meyer, 356; R. F. Evey, 360; W. F. Lytle, 367; G. R. Roan, 385; Grant Coble three, each weighing 386; Edward Williams one 450½ and one 511½.

The Markle hunting crew came in with three deer last Friday.

W. G. Ogden the representative of the George H. Rundle Co., Piqua, Ohio, made his annual trip through these parts this week.

Prof. C. L. Gramley, County Superintendent, visited the Oak Hall schools Monday afternoon and the teachers were pleased to see him.

The Methodist protracted meeting opened Sunday evening.

## Woodward.

C. D. Motz and M. O. Stover after taking a trip to W. Va, returned home on Saturday.

Miriam, a daughter of Thomas Benner, is very ill with diphtheria.

Both Sunday schools are preparing for Christmas services.

Elmer and George Smith, of Harter, W. Va., were called home to attend the funeral of their only sister, Miss Chestie.

Mrs. Samuel Gephart and daughter Helen spent Saturday at Millheim.

John Hosterman and wife, of Georges Valley, visited the lady's parents Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Francis Motz and baby are visiting Mrs. Miranda Motz.

Benjamin Benner, who has been sick for the last few months is not improving.

J. C. F. Motz will leave for Monessen on Wednesday.

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One hundred and fifty overcoats for men, youths and children at half price.

MONTGOMERY & CO.,
Bellefonte, Pa.

## SMALL POX CONFINED TO FAMILY.

### Two New Cases Develop—Mr. Herman is Improving.

Small pox in Georges Valley is strictly confined to one house, although two new cases have developed in the same family. These are Mrs. Herman and little son three or four years old. Their cases are considered very mild, they having been recently vaccinated. Mr. Herman is slowly improving. Mrs. Herman nursed him up to the time of her illness, since then a nurse has been secured from Jersey Shore, who attends to the wants of the three.

The Board of Health is exercising a strict quarantine and no spread of the disease outside of the family is anticipated. Dr. Braucht, who attends the patients, has not found it necessary as yet to enter the room of the afflicted ones. He uses every precaution during his visits and fears no serious results.

## Colyer.

Mrs. Calvin Rossman and son Bruce of Siglerville, spent a week visiting friends and relatives in Centre county and spent a few days at the home of Levi Stump.

Miss Marion Meiss spent several days with Miss Florence Kline, near Centre Hall.

J. E. Bubb and Daniel Fahringer, of Yeagertown, are spending a week at home and also hunting.

The wedding bells will soon ring in this community.

James Runkle, of this place, and brother Calvin, of Tusseyville, drove to Lock Haven last week.

Mrs. A. J. Weaver and family and Ralph Rickert on Tuesday left for W. Va., where Mrs. Weaver will join her husband, who is working for Harter Brothers, and where their sons and Mr. Rickert will also find employment. Sorry to lose such good neighbors, but wish them success and prosperity.

Elmer Forry returned to his home in York after spending some time with his uncle, J. R. Lee.

J. W. Stump made a trip to Milroy on Thursday

Miss Ada Smith was plying her needle at the home of Henry Reitz, at Boalsburg, the past week.

Miss Nora Boal, of Stone Mill, is spending a week with her brother and sister at Altoona.

Robert Reitz, of Boalsburg, spent Sunday with his cousin, J. H. Moyer.

## Potters Mills

The hunting party from Altoona, accompanied by ladies, returned home Friday. They killed fifty-five rabbits, six phesants, five quail and one wild turkey.

A party from Lewistown stopped at the Eutaw house Monday. They danced all night, and then after breakfast drove to Bellefonte.

Peter Strong, of Milroy, visited his aunt, Mrs. Anna McClenahan.

Sidney Rish, accompanied by his wife and baby, is spending a few weeks with his brother, James Reish.

Clark Bible, of Burnham, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Joseph M Carson.

Ray Burns and friend, of Burnham, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Colyer. Mr. Burns went to Pittsburg Saturday.

## West Brush Valley.

The protracted meeting was largely attended last Saturday and Sunday evenings.

H. M. and R. E. Wert and C. E. Duck Saturday went to the vicinity of Wolfe's Store to hunt for bear and deer.

Mrs. George Grenoble made a visit to Lock Haven.

Mrs. James Duck Sundayed at C. A. Weaver's.

James Beck and wife spent Saturday and Sunday at Woodward.

Cyrus Philips went west to see his father who is sick.

## Smithtown.

W. H. Musser is building an ice house now; preparing for ice cream next summer.

Allen Alexander had Smith Bros. saw his wood with their engine, and thinks that is much better than sawing by hand.

Henry Keen has gone to Hickory Corner to be treated for cancer.

Mrs. Rockey (Henrietta Bowersox) is visiting here, this being her old home.

## Penns Cave.

John Grenoble moved to Brush Valley and is sawing for C. P. Long.

George Ream purchased a sorrel team of horses for $164 from Samuel Fredericks.

Elmer Rossman's horse took fright in the neighborhood of the Esher church and ran away. The animal was captured by Elsie Hough, after running a fourth of a mile.

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VIN-TE-NA—Brain workers, such as Bankers, Merchants, Bookkeepers, Lawyers, Ministers, Clerks, etc., whose constant strain of work gives a depressed feeling, tired over-worked brain, fagged nerves, nervousness, sleeplessness, can quickly restore health by using Vintena. If not benefited money refunded. J. D. Murray, Druggist.

## KEEP A CHEERFUL MIND.

### Not Only When Things Go Well, but When You Meet Disaster.

To be cheerful when the world is going well with you is no great virtue. The thing is to be cheerful under disadvantageous circumstances. If one has lost money, if business prospects fail, if enemies appear triumphant, if there is sickness of self or those dear to one, then is it indeed a virtue to be cheerful. When poverty pinches day after day, month after month or through the years as they pass and one has ever to deny self of every little longed for luxury and the puzzle of how to make a dollar do the work for two has to be solved, then the man who can still be cheerful is a hero. He is a greater hero than the soldier who faces the cannon's mouth. Such cheerfulness is the kind that we need to cultivate.

To acquire this self command we need to think of many things. We need to guard against giving way to irritation about little things. If we can maintain self control in small matters, we shall have less difficulty in maintaining it when great matters are to be met. If we meet with irreparable losses, we must readjust our lives to fit the new conditions. There is no great evil so bad but that it might have been worse. Let us congratulate ourselves that the worst is not yet. There is truth in the saying that "every cloud has a silver lining." Though it may for a time look so dark we can see no glint of the silver, yet we know it is there.—Milwaukee Journal.

### An Architectural Curiosity.

There are many churches throughout England which are without tower or spire, but there are few churches which can boast of having a tower and spire side by side. One of these is the parish church of Ormskirk in Lancashire. The tower is built over the porch at the west end, and the spire is placed as closely as possible to it. The origin of this architectural freak has not been ascertained, but there is a tradition to the effect that when Orme, the Saxon pirate from whom the town derives its name, decided to construct a kirk, or church, as an expiatory offering for his evil deeds his two daughters quarreled over the design for the structure. One determined to have a tower, the other was equally resolved to have a steeple.

As neither of them would give way the pirate chief acceded to both their wishes, and the curious may see the tower and spire still keeping watch side by side on the surrounding country.

### The "Huntsman's Cup."

The "huntsman's cup," or pitcher plant, is conceded to be one of the earliest, if not the earliest, of the wild flowers of America to become known to Europeans. References occur in relation to it as early at 1570, when a Lisbon physician named Launanus sent it to a contemporary as the leaves of the frankincense tree. It appears that two sailors brought the curious leaves with some resin from the pine trees growing near, and Launanus supposed they belonged together. Much confusion occurred and much wonderment was expressed as to what curious tree with such leaves could be found in America giving such "sweete odoure when the gum was burned," and, strange to say, most attempts to clear up the mystery resulted in greater obscurity.

PARENTS

will find by inquiry that in the schools their children attend, Webster's is the Dictionary by which they are trained, and that their schoolbooks conform to this same authority. Is it not best to have the same Dictionary in the home?

The constantly increasing sale of Webster's International Dictionary proves that parents are wisely following the above suggestion.

Rev. Lyman Abbott, D.D., Editor of The Outlook, says: Webster has always been the favorite in our household, and I have seen no reason to transfer my allegiance to any of his competitors.

The New and Enlarged Edition has 2364 quarto pages with 5000 illustrations. 25,000 new words and phrases have recently been added under the supervision of W. T. Harris, Ph.D., LL.D., U. S. Commissioner of Education.

Its appendix with departments of Biography, Geography, Fiction, etc., is a packed storehouse of valuable information.

Our name is on the title-page of all the authentic dictionaries of the Webster series.

LET US SEND YOU FREE

"A Test in Pronunciation" which affords a pleasant and instructive evening's entertainment. Illustrated pamphlet also free.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Springfield, Mass.

## Plum Grove.

Philip Auman spent Sunday at the home of John Corman.

Plum Grove was unusually quiet on Sunday, as there was only one conveyance passed through town.

Michael Shaffer spent a few days with friends at Zion.

Philip Durst spent Saturday with his daughter, Mrs. Milton Snyder.

W. H. Swartz spent Monday with his brother Frank, at Zion.

Misses Sadie and Verna Weaver and brothers Harry and Grover, spent Sunday with their sister Annie, who is staying at the home of Jacob Sharer.

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Write Grant Hoover for prices on insurance.

Ayer's

One dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral at bedtime prevents night coughs of children. No croup. No bronchitis. A

Cherry Pectoral

doctor's medicine for all affections of the throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs. Sold for over 60 years.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for eight years. There is nothing we find to it for coughs and colds, especially for children."—MRS. W. H. BRYNER, Shelby, Ala.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Night Coughs

Keep the bowels open with one of Ayer's Pills at bedtime. Just one.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE—The undersigned, executors of the last will and testament of Jonathan Tressler, late of Harris township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, will offer at public sale,

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1903,

at ten o'clock a. m., on the premises, one mile west of Linden Hall Station, in College township, Centre county, Pa., the following real estate:

Purpart No. 1. The farm recently occupied by Isaac Tressler, now deceased, situate in College township, Centre county, Pa., on the line of the Lewisburg and Tyrone R. R. Co., about half way between the stations of Linden Hall and Oak Hall, and bounded on the north by lands of Henry Homan; on the south by lands of David Keller; on the east by lands of Henry Gingerich; and on the west by lands of James Gilliland and others, containing one hundred and twenty acres of which about 110 acres are clear and in good state of cultivation, and the balance good white oak timber. On the premises are erected a good two-story frame dwelling house, good bank barn and other necessary out buildings; orchard containing all kind of fruit; two cisterns on the premises, also never failing well; Cedar Creek, a never failing stream of water, runs through the farm.

Purpart No. 2. Tract of timber land situate in Harris township, Centre county, Pa., formerly owned by Shannon Boal, containing thirty-three acres, consisting of white oak, rock oak, chestnut, pin oak, etc. This timber is exceptionally valuable.

Terms of sale for farm:—Ten per cent. to be paid immediately when property is knocked down to bidder; the remainder of the one-third of the purchase money to be paid April 1st, 1904 at which time possession of property will be given and deed delivered; one-third to be paid April 1st, 1905 and the balance of one-third April 1st, 1906; to be secured by judgment bond and sci. fa. mortgage with insurance clause on the premises, and to bear interest at six per cent. per annum from April 1st, 1904.

Terms of sale for timber tract:—Ten per cent. when property is knocked down to bidder, and the balance of the purchase money to be paid in cash April 1st, 1904 at which time deed will be delivered.

JOSEPH TRESSLER,
DANIEL J. TRESSLER,
Executors of Jonathan Tressler, deceased.
Fortney & Walker, Attorneys for estate, Bellefonte, Pa.

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EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Wm. Colyer late of Centre Hall borough deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned they would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

C. S. BOTTORF, Colyer.
MARY A. COLYER,
Centre Hall, Executors.

## SALE REGISTER

Bradford and Smith—Old Fort Hotel, December 5. 10 Cows and 15 young cattle. See descriptive adv.

PUBLIC SALE OF YOUNG CATTLE AND COWS.

The undersigned will sell at public sale at

OLD FORT HOTEL

SATURDAY, DEC. 5, 1 P. M.

TWENTY-EIGHT HEAD OF CATTLE

Described as follows:

TEN COWS—fresh and close springers.

SHORTHORN BULL three years old January 29th; weighs 1800 pounds; solid red; docile. This animal is well bred and is the sire of nearly all the cattle described below.

EIGHT HEIFERS—seven Shorthorn; well built; red in color; will be fresh between now and spring. One is a Jersey; bids fair to make a first class cow; fresh before spring.

THREE HEIFERS—seven months old; well bred; color, red.

TWO HEIFERS—eleven months old; good stock; red in color.

BULL CALF—four months old; well bred; will make a fine stock bull.

TWO STEERS—weight 650; fit to kill.

SPLAYED HEIFER—eleven months old; in good condition; profitable for feeding.

This young stock was bred by the undersigned, and is guaranteed as represented.

These animals will positively be sold to the highest bidder on the usual terms of public sales in this community, a credit of one year being allowed. There is but one reserve bid and that is on the large bull.

D. W. BRADFORD,
S. W. SMITH,
Wm. M. Goheen, Auctioneer. Centre Hall, Pa.

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GRANT HOOVER

Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.

The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments.

...Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building,

Bellefonte, Pa.

Telephone connection.

Send the local news to the Reporter.

## PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

### Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table in effect Nov. 29, '03.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON EASTWARD

7.38 a. m.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.02 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.2 [illegible] a. m.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Renovo, Hazleton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.3 p. m.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.25 p. m. New York, 6.50 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and past passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 p. m.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points arriving at Philadelphia 9.28 p. m., New York 12.23 a. m., Baltimore 9.40 p. m., Washington 10.50 p. m. Passenger coaches to Baltimore

8.05 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m. New York at 7.18 a. m., Baltimore 2.50 a. m., Washington, 4.00 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.32 a. m.—Train 8. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.23 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.36 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo Elmira and intermediate stations

10.07 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 p. m.—Train 9. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week Days.

| Westward. P M | A.M. | STATIONS. | Eastward. A M | P M |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 38 | 9 49 | Montandon | 9 15 | 4 15 |
| 1 48 | 9 59 | Lewisburg | 9 05 | 4 25 |
| 1 55 | 10 06 | Biehl | 8 58 | 4 19 |
| 2 00 | 10 12 | Vicksburg | 8 53 | 4 14 |
| 2 08 | 10 20 | Mifflinburg | 8 45 | 4 06 |
| 2 24 | 10 36 | Millmont | 8 30 | 3 54 |
| 2 26 | 10 38 | Glen Iron | 8 28 | 3 46 |
| 2 59 | 11 10 | Paddy Mountain | 7 56 | 3 19 |
| 3 10 | 11 20 | Coburn | 7 46 | 3 10 |
| 3 16 | 11 27 | Zeigly | 7 40 | 3 02 |
| 3 26 | 11 35 | Rising Spring | 7 30 | 2 54 |
| 3 32 | 11 41 | Penn Cave | 7 24 | 2 48 |
| 3 38 | 11 48 | Centre Hall | 7 17 | 2 41 |
| 3 45 | 11 54 | Gregg | 7 11 | 2 36 |
| 3 52 | 12 01 | Linden Hall | 7 04 | 2 30 |
| 3 59 | 12 08 | Oak Hall | 6 57 | 2 25 |
| 4 04 | 12 13 | Lemont | 6 52 | 2 21 |
| 4 12 | 12 21 | Dale Summit | 6 45 | 2 17 |
| 4 16 | 12 25 | Pleasant Gap | 6 41 | 2 08 |
| 4 26 | 12 35 | Axemann | 6 31 | 2 05 |
| 4 40 | 12 50 | Bellefonte | 6 20 | 1 50 |

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m., 9.45 a. m., 1.15 and 7.50 p. m. returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m. 4.50, 5.40 p. m. and 8.07 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.35 and 10.07 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.15 a. m., 10.02 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table

| Read Down No. 1 | No 3 | No 5 | June 28, 1900 | Read Up No 6 | No 4 | No 2 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| a m | p. m. | p.m. | Lv. Ar | p. m. | p. m | a. m |
| 7 00 | 2 40 | 6 45 | BELLEFONTE | 9 25 | 5 15 | 9 35 |
| 7 11 | 2 51 | 6 56 | Nigh | 9 12 | 5 02 | 9 22 |
| 7 16 | 2 56 | 7 01 | Zion | 9 06 | 4 56 | 9 16 |
| 7 25 | 3 03 | 7 07 | Hecla Park | 9 00 | 4 50 | 9 10 |
| 7 29 | 3 05 | 7 09 | Dunkles | 8 58 | 4 48 | 9 07 |
| 7 29 | 3 09 | 7 13 | HUBLERSBG | 8 54 | 4 44 | 9 03 |
| 7 35 | 3 15 | 7 17 | Snydertown | 8 50 | 4 40 | 8 59 |
| 7 39 | 3 15 | 7 19 | Nittany | 8 47 | 4 37 | 8 57 |
| 7 57 | 3 17 | 7 21 | Huston | 8 44 | 4 34 | 8 53 |
| 7 43 | 3 21 | 7 25 | LAMAR | 8 41 | 4 31 | 8 50 |
| 7 45 | 3 23 | 7 27 | Clintondale | 8 38 | 4 28 | 8 47 |
| 7 47 | 3 27 | 7 31 | Crider's Exp. | 8 34 | 4 25 | 8 43 |
| 7 51 | 3 31 | 7 35 | Mackeyville | 8 30 | 4 18 | 8 38 |
| 7 57 | 3 37 | 7 41 | Cedar Springs | 8 22 | 4 12 | 8 32 |
| 8 00 | 3 40 | 7 44 | Salona | 8 20 | 4 10 | 8 30 |
| 8 05 | 3 45 | 7 50 | MILL HALL | 8 15 | 4 05 | 8 25 |
| 11 45 | 8 40 | | Jersey Shore | 3 22 | | 7 40 |
| 12 30 | 9 10 | Arr. | Wm'PORT Lve | 2 50 | | 7 10 |
| 12 29 | 11 30 | Lve | Wm'PORT Arr. | 2 30 | | |
| | | | (Phila & Reading Ry) | | | |
| 7 30 | 6 50 | | PHILA | 8 56 | | 11 36 |
| 10 40 | 9 02 | | NEW YORK | 5 25 | | 7 30 |
| | | | (Via Philad.) | | | |
| 9 40 | | Ar | New York Lv | 4 00 | | |
| | | | (Via Tamaqua) | | | |
| P. M. | P. M. | | | | | |

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

| EASTWARD. 12½ | 8½ | 2½ | STATIONS. | 1½ | 7½ | 11½ | WESTWARD |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| PM | PM | AM | Ar. Lv. | A M | A M | PM | |
| 6 30 | 1 10 | 8 45 | Bellefonte | 6 30 | 10 30 | 4 21 | |
| 6 20 | 1 02 | 8 40 | Coleville | 6 37 | 10 37 | 4 26 | |
| 6 16 | 12 58 | 8 37 | Morris | 6 40 | 10 42 | 4 30 | |
| 6 10 | 12 54 | 8 55 | Whitmer | 6 44 | 10 47 | 4 33 | |
| 6 05 | 12 49 | 8 31 | Hunters | 6 50 | 10 53 | 4 38 | |
| 6 02 | 12 46 | 8 28 | Fillmore | 6 53 | 10 56 | 4 42 | |
| 5 57 | 12 41 | 8 24 | Brialy | 7 00 | 11 02 | 4 47 | |
| 5 53 | 12 37 | 8 20 | Waddle | 7 05 | 11 05 | 4 52 | |
| 5 50 | 12 35 | 8 18 | Scotia Crossing | 7 08 | 11 08 | 4 54 | |
| 5 46 | 12 28 | 8 — | Krumrine | 7 17 | 11 20 | 5 03 | |
| 5 33 | 12 24 | 8 04 | Struble | 7 30 | 11 24 | 5 00 | |
| 5 31 | 12 22 | 8 02 | Inn | 7 28 | 11 28 | 5 18 | |
| | 12 20 | 8 00 | State College | 7 30 | 11 30 | 5 10 | |

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte

Daily; except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

---

Why Pay Rent or the Current Rate of Interest When the HomeCo-Operative Company a Co-partnership will furnish you the money to buy a home, or pay the mortgage off, and give you Ten Years and Five Months To pay it back at the Rate of $8.50, per Month, With Interest at 3 Per Cent. Per Annum on the graduating scale, which amounts to 1¾ per cent. simple interest on amount. Strict investigation courted. I am also agent for the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York

The largest in the World. You cannot afford to insure your life until you see me. Write or call on the General Agent for full particulars. Any information required will be given.

Edwin K. Smith
General Agent
Oak Hall Sta., Pa.

## Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

**Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.**

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

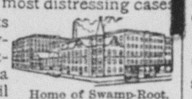
If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

*Come one; come all.*

*A Splendid Line of . . . . . FALL AND WINTER GOODS Just received at the*

## Bargain Emporium

*. . . OF . . .*

## O. T. CORMAN

*SPRING MILLS.*

**DRESS GOODS**

Dress goods in great profusion. Serges and zibellines in all the beautiful fall shades.

**ENGLISH HOSIERY**

English hosiery for ladies, misses and children also a large assortment of men's socks. Ladie's underwear in great variety, and at about half value. Men's working and dress shirts, 25c up.

**COMPLETE STOCK OF JEWELRY**

My stock of jewelry is complete and comprises everything in that line.

**FLOOR COVERINGS**

Rag and Ingrain carpets. Oil cloth, linoleum in fine colorings at prices to astonish you. About a third off.

**HATS and CAPS**

Hats and caps in all the latest styles, and at remarkably low figures.

**OCEANS OF NOTIONS**

An endless variety of Notions, Insertion, Embroideries and a fine line of ribbons are found in this department.

Call on us for OYSTERS.

My expenses being light I have no hesitancy in saying that the same cash will buy more than at any other store in town.

All kinds of produce wanted, and the highest market price paid in exchange for goods.

Call and see me before purchasing elsewhere.

## ...SCHOOL...

You'd be surprised to see the large number of students leaving our store these days; each carrying a package containing Stationery required this year by his school or college at about one-half regular price, or if at same price, twice the quantity.

Mennen's Powder - - - 20c
Common Talcums, the box - 5c, 10c

Collar Points, a line at - 5c
Purse Beads and the Silks.

Fine line Mohairs and Serges. All the leading new Frbrics.

Paper Soldiers and Beads for the Children.

Men's Working Hose, 5c. Regular 8c quality.

Beautiful Outing or Flannelette, 5c to 10c.

Woolen Hose for the Family.

Toy Wash Boards, 10 and 15c.

Don't neglect the medium weight underwear for these chilly days.

Oleine Soap, 5c the lb

More of the popular Shirt Waist Sets. A new line of Trimmings.

See our 10c assortment of Dishes.

That line of popular priced Granite Ware in at last. At least a thousand pieces to pick from.

## .GARMAN'S.

This is the season of the year when the prudent and careful housewife replenishes her supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is certain to be needed before the winter is over, and results are much more prompt and satisfactory when it is kept at hand and given as soon as the cold is contracted and before it has become settled in the system. In almost every instance a severe cold may be warded off by taking this remedy freely as soon as the first indication of the cold appears. There is no danger in giving it to children for it contains no harmful substance. It is pleasant to take—both adults and children like it. Buy it and you will get the best. It always cures. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.


### THE COLT SALE.

**Thirty Animals Sold for $916.00—One Escapes to Mountains.**

The colt sale Monday afternoon was largely attended by persons from a distance. The colts sold readily at an average price of $30 50. There were some decidedly pretty animals in the lot, and the average of them had the agility of a cat.

Those who purchased were:
Burrell Brothers, Salona, 7.
Ed. Havise, Milroy, 2
Adam Felty, Boalsburg, 1.
C. L. Grimm, Madisonburg, 1.
John A. Corman, Centre Hall, 1.
Robert Hettinger, Spring Mills, 2.
Dr. Kidder, Boalsburg, 3.
Thomas Boal, Centre Hill, 2.
Samuel Everhart, Boalsburg, 1.
J. C. Grove, Zion, 1.
Henry Lingle, Tusseyville, 1.
B. H. Emerick, Centre Hall, 1.
Elmer Hettinger, Centre Hill, 1.
Wm. Hagen, Farmers Mills, 1.
Irvin Burris, Linden Hall, 2.
H. Weaver, Farmers Mills, 3 mules.

Several colts broke loose from the crowd, ran down the Brush Valley road, scaled a fence and landed in a field of B H Arney. After circling about for a time, one of the number became frightened, and jumped fence after fence, but was finally gotten back to the road. The pretty little animal skirted the town and ran to the mountains. Tuesday afternoon the animal appeared on top of Nittany Mountain as Cleve Mitterling was driving along, and with a little persuasion followed his horse to town.

Neither pale nor wire fence were barriers to the frisky colts, and in one or two instances the barbs on the wires severely lacerated the flesh of the brutes that became entangled.

The sale over, and settlement made, the next on the program was to capture the purchase made. This was done in various ways, but usually the skill of S. H. Beale was employed, who with a lariat easily lassoed his choice. These novelties afforded exciting amusement for the curious spectators, many of whom made great risks in assisting to cast the obstinate animals. Fortunately, however, there were no serious injuries reported.

### Christmas Photos.

Get your picture taken this week, Friday, December 3, at Smith's gallery Centre Hall.

### Typhoid Fever Epidemic in Butler.

The epidemic of typhoid fever which broke out in Butler on Sept. 15 last increases. Nearly 1,500 cases and eighteen deaths have been reported. This means that about one out of every seven of the borough's inhabitants has been stricken.

### Death at Woodward.

Chestie, the only daughter of William Smith, of Woodward, died Thursday evening of last week after a brief illness. Her age was twenty-three years. Interment took place Monday evening, Rev. Owen L. Buck officiating.

The deceased is survived by her father and three brothers, Elmer, Geo. and Irvin. The mother died about thirteen years ago.

### State News.

Fire of incendiary origin entirely destroyed the large bank barn owned by Charles Kline at the eastern limits of Lewistown.

The United States Steel Corporation's mills at Duncansville, Blair county, have been closed indefinitely, throwing eight hundred men out of work.

Robbers blew open the safe in the Pennsylvania railroad station in Phoenixville, securing $500.

### LOCALS.

Evangelical appointments for Sunday are Lemont, morning; Linden Hall, afternoon.

Mrs. J. J. Arney, who Friday returned from a visit to Harrisburg, took violently ill Saturday. She has recovered again.

W. S. Musser, of Spring Mills, Tuesday went to take charge of his new duties at Lykens. His family will not follow until spring.

Robert Van Valzah, who is taking his senior work at Princeton this year, spent his Thanksgiving vacation in Spring Mills, his old home town. His many friends were glad to see him.

Mrs. J. T. Potter is expected to arrive this week in Centre Hall from Clairton, her home, to remain several weeks. This will be her first visit here since moving from the farm last spring.

Ross Gregory, wife and two children and Miss May Myton, of Stone Valley; Dr. and Mrs. Smith, of Altoona; P. H. Meyer and wife, of Bellefonte, and David J. Meyer and wife, of Centre Hall, attended the Meyer-Ross wedding at Linden Hall, Wednesday of last week.

Frank T. Armagast, who is Solomon Lingle's right hand man on the Colyer farm east of Centre Hall, was a caller Tuesday evening to have his name placed on the Reporter list, and informed the writer that Mr. Lingle, in the spring, would become tenant on the Brockerhoff farm south of Old Fort, now occupied by J. Audrew Long.

### COUNTY INSTITUTE.

**Fifty-Seventh Annual Session Will Convene in Philipsburg December 28.**

The fifty-eighth annual session of the Centre county teachers' institute will be held in Philipsburg the last week in December, opening at 2 p. m., Monday, December 28 and closing Friday, January 1. The sessions will be held in the high school room and the opera house.

The instructors are: Hon. Nathan C. Schaeffer, State Supt. of Public Instruction; Dr. F. M McMurry, Teachers' College, Columbia University, New York; Dr. F. B Pearsons, Columbus, O; Dr. J. R. Flickinger, Principal of Lock Haven State Normal; Prof. Charles Lose, superintendent of Williamsport schools.

The entertainment course will open Tuesday evening with a lecture "Sunshine and Shadow," by A. M. Hawks. Wednesday evening The Original Carolina Jubilee Singers, assisted by Sara Strange Croggins, colored reader and impersonator will give a very delightful entertainment.

The course will close Thursday evening by Rev. Robert Stuart McArthur's lecture, "The Empire of the Czar—The Great Bear of the North."

### LOCALS.

Miss Emma McCoy is at Potters Mills, the guest of Mrs Kate Carson.

Musicale by the Frank Huntley Concert Company, in the Presbyterian church, Friday evening, Dec. 11.

J. Andrew Reesman, since Friday of last week, has been in Pittsburg, Jeannette and other points in that vicinity.

Methodist appointments for Sunday are as follows: Kreamerville, morning; Aaronsburg, afternoon; Millheim, evening.

A Christmas sevice will be held in the Salem Reformed church, below Penn Hall, Sunday evening following Christmas.

R J. Zerbe, of Lock Haven, son-in-law of John Spicher, is visiting at the home of the latter. Mr. Zerbe is a railroad engineer.

The venerable W. H Dreese, one of the boudholders down in Beaver Springs, is visiting his son, D. J. Dreese, at Lemont.

E G DeArmitt, of Mingoville, is an experienced trapper, and has captured eighty-five musk rats, one of which was over two feet in length.


VINTENA, a specific for Blood Diseases, for Sluggish Tired feeling, Scrofula, Chronic Catarrh, Pimples, or any form of Skin Disease. Take Vintena it acts like magic in restoring New Blood to the system. If not benefited your money refunded. J. D. Murray, Druggist.


The Reporter is indebted to Al. Krape for a fine piece of venison. Mr. Krape is an expert hunter, and has to his credit a goodly number of deer and much small game. His portion of the venison secured on a recent hunting expedition, mention of which is made elsewhere in this issue, was over a whole deer.

### Order of Maccabees Organized.

Last Friday night a Lodge of Maccabees was instituted at Boalsburg, known as the Boalsburg tent, with twenty-eight charter members. Meetings to be held Friday evenings, in Weber's hall.

### Will Organize Rebekah Lodge.

A Rebekah Lodge, I O O F., will be organized in Centre Hall, Friday afternoon and evening of this week. District Deputy President Mrs. T. G. Haines, of Altoona, will be the presiding official.

### Incendiaries Destroy Trolley Cars.

The third incendiary fire within ten days occurred at Lewistown early Tuesday morning, destroying the car shed and five cars at the power house of the Lewistown & Reedsville Electric Railway Company. The loss is $10,000, partially covered by insurance.

### Mrs. Joseph Gilliland at Hospital.

Mrs. Joseph Gilliland, of New Bloomfield, is at the St Joseph hospital, Philadelphia, where the latter part of last week, a tumor weighing nine pounds was removed from the lady. She is improving as well as can be expected. Her daughter, Miss Bertie, is assisting in caring for her.

### Marriage Licenses.

Fred G. Scott, Bellefonte.
Maude Haupt, Bellefonte.
Harry S. Kinkead, Philipsburg.
Sarah Leathers, Philipsburg.
Charles Ebert, Spring Mills.
Lettie Tharp, Shamokin.
Jonas Boal, Colyer.
Laurine Faust, Potters Mills.
P. F. Zonse, Pittsburg.
Marie R. Dunkle, Bellefonte.
Wm. E. Waltz, Parvin.
Leah Dorman, Clintondale.

### Pine Grove Mills.

Miss Mabelle Bowes, one of the efficient hello girls at State College exchange, was entertained by Miss Mabel Smith over Sunday.

Among the sick are Mrs. R. P. Craig who has been ill for weeks, but is improving; Mrs. S. S. Greib, suffering from pneumonia; Isaac Merryman Mrs Fannie Harpster, and Mrs. B. F. Kennedy, all improving; the venerable Wm. Gates seriously ill with pulmonary trouble.

### POMONA GRANGE MEETING.

**At Centre Hall—Election of Officers, Reports of Committees, Etc., of the Order.**

The fourth quarterly meeting of the Centre County Pomona Grange was held in Grange Arcadia Centre Hall, Tuesday, Dec. 1.

A large representation was in attendance from all parts of the county. David Keller, master of the Grange at Centre Hall, delivered the address of welcome which was both interesting and instructive, and was listened to with wrapt attention. George Goodhart, of Fairview Grange, responded on behalf of the County Grange.

After the appointment of the various committees the Grange Encampment committee made its annual report, showing a balance in favor of the Pomona Grange of several hundred dollars. The Grange Fire Insurance company made its quarterly statement showing an increase in insurance of $225,000.

The treasurer of the County Grange stated that ten shares of the investments in Building and Loan Associations amounting to $1000.00 had matured and been paid into the County Grange treasury.

Free luncheon was served which was a pleasant and social part of the day's proceedings.

The degree of Pomona was conferred on a class of ten in a very impressive manner.

This being the time for the biennial election of officers, it was promptly proceeded with and resulted in the election of George Dale, Master; Jacob Yarnell, Overseer; Willard Dale, Lecturer; George Gingerich, Steward; C. D. Keller, Asst. Steward; D. M. Campbell, Secretary; Frank Musser, Treasurer; Roy Schaffer, Gate Keeper; Mrs John Dale, Pomona; Miss Florence Marshall, Flora; Mrs. Nathan Grove, Ceres; Miss Edith Lutz, Lady Steward; Executive committee, Geo. Dale, L. Rhone, Col. Weaver, David Keller Nathan Grove; Auditors of Grange Fire Insurance Company, Col. James F. Weaver for three years, and John S. Dale for two years, with James Gilliland holding over.

A resolution was adopted instructing the master to see that the funds in the treasury were safely reinvested.

It was decided to hold the first quarterly meeting of 1904 in the hall of the Bald Eagle Grange, Milesburg in January.

After the transaction of much other work, this, one of the most pleasant sessions of the Grange, closed with the expression by all that "it was good to have been there."

### Millinery Announcement.

Mrs. G. N. Wolfe, of Spring Mills, wishes to announce that she has made a cut in prices on her millinery goods. This includes hats. A rare chance for a bargain just before the holidays.

### Christmas Goods.

Kreamer & Son will have an unusually fine assortment of goods suitable for the Christmas trade. Watch their counters and their Christmas advertisement in the next issue of the Reporter.

### Good Roads Bids too High.

The State Highway Department has opened its first bids for stretches of good roads in Montgomery, Snyder and Huntingdon counties, but all were so far above the estimate that they were not made public.

### Professional Notice.

TO THE PUBLIC:

I hereby wish to inform the general public that I have purchased the property of Dr. C. E. Emerick, together with his good will, and that I am now occupying his former home, opposite the hotel, and am ready for professional work. All calls will be answered in town or country.

I kindly solicit a share of the public patronage. Telephone connection.

J. R. G ALLISON, M. D.,
Centre Hall, Pa.

November 26, 1903.

### Court News.

Before court adjourned last week an order was made that the jury wheel for 1904 should be filled by the Jury Commissioners beginning on the 14th of December at ten o'clock.

Col. E. R. Chambers was appointed to audit the various accounts of the county officers.

Commonwealth vs. George Spangler, indicted for selling liquor without license at Eagleville, Liberty township, entered his plea of guilty and was sentenced by the court to pay $500.00 fine, the costs of prosecution and to be committed to the Centre county jail for seven months.

In the case of Commonwealth vs. Orvis N Fetzer, charged with desertion by his wife, the court directed a nol pros to be entered.

W. H. Runkle use of Peter Smith vs. Mary A. Slack, James Kimport, and L. W. Kimport; assumpsit; plea non assumpsit. Continued on account of the illness of the defendant.

The case of Wm. Witmer, of Benner township, vs. Dora Witmer and J. C. Witmer; action of replevin; plea non cepit and property. Decided in favor of the defendant.

Commonwealth vs. W. I. Harvey and John Bowden, trespass; case on trial at the writing of these notes. These parties are charged with cutting timber on the State lands.


# KREAMER & SON.

A fine full line of . . .
LADIES' & MISSES' SHOES.

A Complete line . . . .
MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOES.

Please do not forget our . . .
FINE LINE OF CARPETS.

**Kreamer & Son,** Centre Hall, Pa.

## Shoes for Everybody . .

My line of . . . . .
Box Calf for LADIES
MISSES
CHILDREN
and MEN
was never better for the Money.

The styles of the season suit everybody . . . . .

MY RUBBER LINE is made up of the best Lambertville, Mishawaka, American, etc. Come and let us reason together.

**P. V. S. STORE.**

Goods exchanged for Produce. . . .

**C. A. KRAPE.**
Spring Mills, Pa.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

**H. G. STROHMEIER,**
CENTRE HALL, . . . . . PENN.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND
Granite. Don't fail to get my prices.

# H. F. ROSSMAN
# Spring Mills, Pa.

We want our Friends to watch for this space Next Week . . .


The telephone line from Lock Haven to Nippenose Valley, was opened for business.

Holman Morgan, of East Charleston, Tioga county, the other day celebrated his 102nd birthday anniversary.


**TO CONSUMPTIVES.**

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease ***Consumption,*** is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for ***Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis*** and all throat and lung ***Maladies.*** He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

**Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,** Brooklyn, New York.


### GRAIN MARKET.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat | 75 |
| Corn | 50 |
| Rye | 50 |
| Old Oats | 35 |
| Barley | 45 |

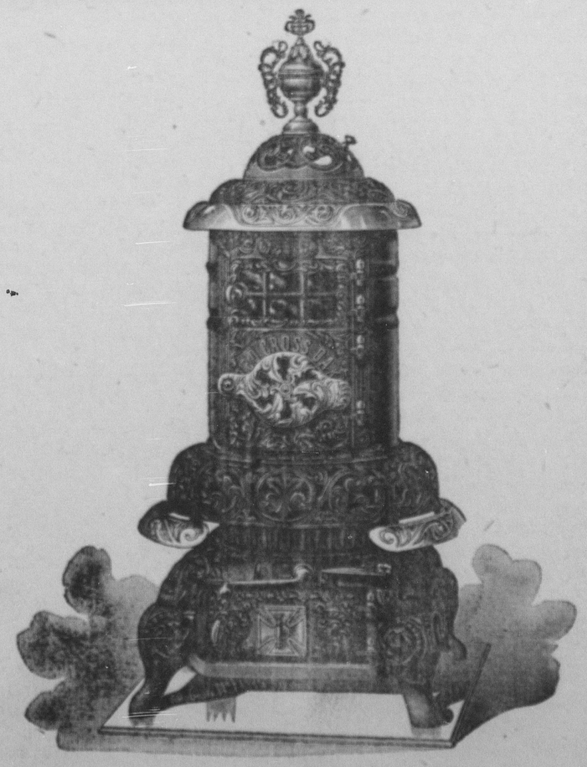
### PRODUCE AT STORES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Butter | 20 |
| Eggs | 30 |
| Lard | 8 |
| Potatoes | — |
| Side Meat | — |
| Shoulder | — |
| Ham | — |

### SPRING MILLS—O. T. CORMAN.

(In exchange for goods. Cash also paid.)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Eggs | 28 | Side | — |
| Butter | 20 | Tallow | 04 |
| Lard | 10 | Apples | 35 |
| Chickens, 7 cash; | 8 | Dried Apples | 4 |
| Huckleberries | — | Potatoes | 50 |
| Ham | — | Large Onions | — |
| Shoulder | — | Beef Hides | 05 |
| Spring Chickens | — | Turkeys | 14 15 |

The Red Cross Oak Double Heater is the best heater money will buy. Its construction is on the right principle to give out the full benefit of fuel consumed. We also handle the Sunshine Oak Double Heater, Western Hot Blast Heater. See the Peninsular Steel, Retort Peninsular, Imperial Red Cross, Monarch and Family Irvin Ranges. Not only stoves, but everything in our line.

THE PLACE TO SEE THE BEST STOVES
THE PLACE TO BUY THE CHEAPEST STOVES

# J. A. Reesman, Centre Hall

# FARM AND GARDEN

### THE SOW NOT TO BLAME.

A sow that is called "ugly" because she will not let her pigs come near her or that eats them if they do should, nine times out of ten, be called the abused sow. There is much complaint this fall about sows destroying their litters or not caring for them. An investigation will show that, owing to poor, damp, cold quarters this damp, cold season, neglect in feeding and care while work is pressing on all sides or some other preventable cause, the udder became so caked, inflamed and sore that the natural instinct gives way to nature's first law self-preservation, and trouble follows. Do not blame the "brute" as she is generally unjustly called, but get a pailful of water as hot as the hand can stand, and devote an hour to bathing and gently rubbing and working the udder into more natural and less painful condition. After that apply kerosene for a few minutes, but see that none is left on the nipples. Give some soft soaking food, and, if costive, a dose of salts, or even a big tablespoonful of castor oil will work quite well and also give dry, warm bed of short straw. If all this seems to be too much trouble, then why did you breed for fall litters? But try to realize how satisfactory it will be to think that you made a model mother of an ugly sow, and remember how much nicer it will be to have a check next June for a goodly sum than to have only the memory of some dead pigs that a little care might have saved.—Farm, Stock and Home.

### POULTRY NOTES.

Let poultry of all kinds fast at least twelve hours before killing.

First make a few hens pay you a profit, then start the large flock. Many a man has made a failure by starting on too large a scale.

Every farm, whatever its special or main line should have a good flock of hens.

No figures however large, should tempt the grower to sell his best birds. The best is none too good for the breeder who wants to keep his stock up to high standards.

A water-proof roof on the poultry-house is a fine thing to have when the cold November rain falls. It will soon be too late to put on a new one or to repair the old.

Pet the turkeys and get them ready. Feed generously and in such a way that they will not be overreached or deprived of their food by the quicker motioned fowls.

Spend very little time in doctoring, or trying to doctor, sick hens and chickens.

A feed of whole oats in the evening will answer for grain for the hens during the hot weather.

Still another cholera cure is a tablespoonful of alum water in a quart of drinking water.

A good scaly leg cure is two-thirds glycerine and one-third carbolic acid.

### BEET PULP AS FEED.

Dried beet pulp consists of the fibrous part of the beet root with the sugar removed. In the wet condition and fresh from the factory or stored in the silo it is a most excellent feed for cattle and sheep, says Breeder's Gazette. The factories, being unable to find use for all of the fresh, moist material, have adopted the practice of drying the pulp, and some have added molasses to the dried mass in order to render it more palatable and to furnish additional nutriment as well. From the character of the basic material, beet pulp, it will be seen that it is hardly a substance to be fed to pigs in any large quantity. If the molasses used is beet sugar factory residue, then this material has a more or less purging effect, somewhat neutralized, however, by the beet pulp.

Dried molasses pulp will doubtless prove a good feed for animals that ruminate. For the pig, with its small stomach and digestive apparatus, the substance possesses too much bulk and woody matter to be used in any considerable quantity. It is a carbohydrate rather than a protein food.

### FEED GRAIN TO FOALS.

"In cases where the brood mare must work daily, the colt needs careful attention in feeding. Whole oats make a splendid ration, and so much the better if these can be mixed with a little bran," remarks a horseman in the Live Stock Indicator. "It should be fed in a manger by itself and should be given only such quantity as will be eaten up clean. If handled in this way the colt from the working mare may be kept in good flesh and will make practicaly as much growth during the first year as one whose dam is allowed to run idle. In this case the weaning period is passed through without any injurious effect to the colt, so that at no time is the strong, healthy growth interrupted. It sometimes happens that corn is more plentiful than oats or bran, and there is some temptation to feed a little too much corn. This, however, is a mistake. It will be profitable to sell the corn and buy oats, because with horses selling at present prices there is no form of feeding done on the farm that will give better returns than in this instance, providing plenty of frame-making food is used."

### SUCCESS WITH ROOT CROPS.

For a series of years large seed of root crops has given better yields at the Ontario Experiment Station than medium and small-sized seed. Whole seed of mangels and sugar beets produced a greater yield than a similar quantity of broken seed. An experiment conducted this season resulted in the best yields of sugar beets and carrots when the seed was planted 1 1-2 inches deep. Level culture is reported as having given better yields of sugar beets than ridge culture. A mixed fertilizer consisting of 52 1-3 pounds each of nitrate of soda and muriate of potash and 106 2-3 pounds of superphosphate increased the yield of Swedish turnips about four tons per acre, at a cost of about $1 per ton.

### KEEPING CABBAGE.

Late cabbage laid in shallow trenches, roots up, will keep well if not placed too close together in the trench. Dig a trench about eight or ten inches deep and two and a half to three feet wide, putting some crosspieces of wood in the bottom of the trench for some "odd and end" boards to rest upon, making a rough kind of platform, leaving a space of two or three inches beneath. A little straw is spread over the boards, and the cabbages are packed in head down in two layers, the upper layer being placed between the angles formed by the cabbages of the lower one. A ridge or coping is placed over to keep them dry and attention paid to them so that they do not get frozen.

### WATERING HORSES.

Horses require a considerable amount of water daily the quantity varying with different seasons of the year, the amount of work performed, etc. The time of watering, whether before or after feeding, is a matter of little importance, and, generally speaking, may be regulated to suit the convenience of the feeder. Horses become used to either method of watering, and irregularity should be avoided, as sudden changes are apt to prove disturbing.

### WINTER FEED FOR HORSES.

Corn stover is a good substitute for timothy hay for winter feeding of horses because of its feeding value, the yield per acre and commercial value. A change from a grain mixture consisting partially of linseed oil meal slow or abruptly does not cause a decrease in weight in horses if a proper substitute ration is fed, says Professor Burkett of New Hampshire.

### The Host of Writers.

The recent petition of the American Authors' Society for a reduction of postage has brought on a discussion as to the number of people engaged in writing for the periodicals, or, as one puts it who made the figures, 23,000 that "write for the magazines." Others that may be said to have some sort of idea of the facts think that these figures are below rather than above the mark. Large cities like New York, Chicago and Boston have their thousands, small cities probably have more than "thousands" in proportion to size; villages have still more, perhaps, who are steadily at work contributing to the flood. It is all rough guesswork, but of the vast number of people that are engaged in turning out short stories, novels and poems there can be no doubt. There is an old anecdote of the editor of a magazine a few years ago who said that his publication had already accepted articles sufficient to run many years without taking anything else of the kind. It was estimated recently that 80,000 books had been turned out by the book publishing houses last year. Emerson says, and truly, that it is necessary to rewrite everything, even history, every few generations. But it might seem that we are more than up with the demand according to these estimates.

We must add to all of the phases of writing the mass that flows into the daily press, whose name is legion. —Indianapolis Sentinel.

### The Mythical American Again.

A Continental hotel-keeper recently confided the following story to a friend of mine: Some years ago, after Queen Victoria had been staying at a certain hotel, a wealthy American called on the proprietor and signified his desire to sleep, if it could be managed, in the same apartment, the same bed, and, if possible, the same bed clothes as those which held the sacred person of her majesty before they had been sent to the wash. Money was no object to him. What would it cost?

The hotel keeper was equal to the occasion. He thought it could be arranged for twenty pounds. A bargain was struck on these terms. The millionaire duly arrived, and retired to the royal couch. No doubt he thoroughly enjoyed his night's rest, and the prospect of subsequently electrifying his friends with the story of his regal experience. His pleasure must have been somewhat marred when he discovered later on that Her Britannic Majesty always travelled with her own bed and bedding.—The London Truth.

# OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

### HAIR ORNAMENTS AND COIFFURES.

There have never been so many and diverse styles of dressing the hair, or such a variety of becoming and artistic hair ornaments as this season affords. These coiffures are becoming to any type of beauty. Bizarre effects are not in evidence, the styles being extremely simple—though none the less becoming. A diversity of arrangements is necessary to suit different types and expressions. For instance, the low coil at the nape of the neck, although extremely becoming to some, does not enhance others. The same coil higher on the head would be more becoming to a rounder and more serious face.

Expressions and features must be considered in point of hair as well as of ornament. The most popular and the prettiest ornaments are flowers made of chiffon, velvet and silk. They are extremely dainty, and always becoming. The pink and black roses and the bunches of tight buds seem to be the favorites. Silver bands around the head give a softening and rather classic effect.

Among other ornaments is a very dainty bow made of velvet ribbon, spangled or jetted. This is tied in a butterfly bow and is worn either high or low as fancy suggests. A very frank and charming expression is produced when this bow is loosely pinned high over the forehead at the base of a high coil, which rises several inches above the bow; the same bow worn low at one side of the face gives a coquettish effect.—Mrs. A. Allen, in American Queen.

### AN ORIGINAL HOSTESS.

One of the most charming entertainers of the east, one known to many a guest on both continents, a New York woman of wealth and culture, puts into practice well nigh all the virtues of hospitality. Every year she has a house party at her beautiful summer home in the Adirondacks. She sees to it that the guests are all people of somewhat similar tastes, although certain ones may be wage workers, while others may be millionaires.

Each guest is pledged to do each day two hours of the lighter sorts of the home work for the common good. These tasks are drawn by lot and changed weekly, as are the seats at the spacious out-of-door table. Never such enjoyment as the fine lady and elegant gentleman find at the dish-washing; the picking and arranging of flowers; the weeding and hoeing of the garden; the dusting of the rooms; the oversight of the water tanks; the feeding of the horses and of Aristophanes, the donkey. The hostess, too, takes her portion of the daily labor; and so tactful and unobtrusive is her management that she seems only one of the guests.

This continual permutation of work and the workers brings all the guests into close communion, and the light labor about the house and gardens gives added zest to the outdoor games and excursions, the indoor music and diversions. No one is bored. The common interest is in the joint care of the beautiful home, in which each feels a lover's share.—Edwin Markham, in Good Housekeeping.

### THE CARE OF THE TEETH.

The teeth not only play an important part with regard to beauty, but have much to do with health. Neglected teeth cannot do their duty with food and are the sure forerunner of neuralgia and painful ulcerations. The teeth should be brushed after each meal with a stiff brush. If the gums bleed do not be frightened; it often does them good. Never touch the teeth with a pin or any metal. Draw a silken thread between them to remove particles of food, or if that will not do it use an orange wood toothpick. If you clean your teeth but once a day night is the best time, as the natural movements of the mouth during the day help to remove the food.

If troubled with tartar dip an orange wood stick in water; then in fine ashes and scrub the teeth till the tartar is removed. Then keep them free from it. Powder should not be required oftener than once a week. If the gums are sore paint with the following: Bicarbonate of soda, ten grains; powdered alum, five grains; pure carbolic acid, twelve minims; glycerine, one-half ounce; water, one ounce.

### HOW TO KEEP YOUNG.

"To do so successfully there must be moderation in everything; moderation in diet (oh! how infinitely too much most people eat), moderation in drinking, not too much rushing around in heated rooms, a determination that even in the busiest life of pleasure one night every now and then shall be reserved for a quiet evening and an early rest, and plenty of sensible exercise in the open air.

"Diet is a burning question. The difference to be seen in even middle-aged women when they find out the folly of promiscuous diet and turn to common sense nourishment, is quite remarkable.

"Of course, it cannot truthfully be said that all women could keep their youth and looks if they choose, for there are some delicate and nervous people who wear themselves out early and are soon passees and faded. But the average woman could, if she liked, cultivate her health, for through her health she keeps her freshness, and living a moderate life she defies time.

### THE FAD FOR CAPS.

Caps are coming into vogue again. The average woman will take that statement with a grain of salt if she believes that any modern matron is going to adopt a bit of muslin and lace for a head covering, no matter how becoming it may be to denote that her frivolous days are over, and that she is settling down to domestic affairs. But she need have no fear. The modern cap is thoroughly up to date. It is so entirely modern that it is called a cap by concession only and is really a drapery of lace for the head.

### THE TYPE THAT MEN LIKE.

The cheerful girl, I should say. Men are not patient when it comes to tears, probably because they know what real worry and care mean; but they are quick to appreciate trials bravely borne, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. "I never call around the second time," I overheard a young man say, "when a girl begins to tell me her troubles." Although it sounds like masculine selfishness, I really do not blame him. What we need in this world is more sunshine and less whine.

### A QUEEN WITH 200 RINGS.

Queen Christina of Spain has no fewer than 200 rings. She makes a point of wearing them all in turn, changing the rings on her fingers every time the changes her dress, which she does as frequently as four or five times a day.

## BITS OF FEMININITY

The box-plaited skirt is one of the prettiest seen.

Bias bands of velvet trim some of the pleated skirts.

Short coats are slowly but surely appearing in greater numbers among the imported costumes.

Modifications of the old bolero are found; also a short, straight coat made as nearly as possible like the jackets, which accompany suits of pajamas.

The seams are slit up at the bottom and bound just like the pajama jacket, and the sleeves are also cut in the same fashion.

Some skirts are composed of three flounces either overlapping or separated by three or four inches with trimming of fur or lace between.

A new kind of silk cravat for feminine wearers is called the "Sarto." But this is only one of the numerous novelties that have been named after the newly-elected pontiff.

Old-style ruchings have returned to dress the necks of our high bodices. They are so very fresh and pretty, especially those with a serpentine edge. They make an attractive change from the narrow, straight neckbands and cuffs so much worn.

"Ribbon flowers," rosettes, "dangles" and ornamental bows for gowns, hats, waists and the hair, are more popular and more beautiful than ever. In these "flowers" wonderful effects are gained in the shading and the artistic manipulation of the ribbons.

Among the newest ribbons are broad soft, fine weaves in taffeta, Liberty satin and the most exquisite brocades. Some are in "solid" colors, and others printed in the loveliest of floral designs; while the brocades and metallic weaves are perfection in textiles.

### Remarkable Village.

A community of Buddhists have founded a remarkable village in Minamoto, Japan. Its total number of inhabitants is 1600, which includes three hundred families. This community is zealous for education, and every one of the 125 boys who are of school age, is attending school, and of the 102 girls eighty-eight attend school the others mostly residing in the place only temporarily. The permanent school fund amounts to 12,000 yen, or in our money $6,000, and its income pays for the whole educational expenses, although not a cent is asked in way of fees for the children. This system of financing is to be extended to other public affairs, and the village office has begun the work of creating another permanent fund of 10,000 yen. The income from this will be large enough to relieve all the villagers from the burden of public taxation. Habits of thrift and diligence are steadily encouraged in the villagers. The wearing of silk garments is strictly prohibited by law, and the Japanese custom of giving banquets on the enrollment or disbandment of conscripts is not looked upon with favor. The ex-head man of the community, who retired from office recently at his own request, was the prime mover in bringing the village up to its present happy condition. Namiki is his name, and it is one to be remembered.

# PRETTY THINGS TO WEAR

New York City.—Blouses shirred to give a broad effect at the shoulders make one of the features of the season, and are shown in many variations.

SHIRRED BLOUSE.

This May Manton one is peculiarly chic, and forms a yoke of shirrings and lace that is exceedingly smart. In the case of the original the material is maize colored crepe de chine combined with chiffon velvet of the same color and cream lace, but all materials soft enough for shirrings are appropriate. The narrow vest, covered with frills of the chiffon edged with ruches, is a noteworthy feature and the sleeves are, among the most graceful of the season, while the wide belt is both new and becoming.

The waist is made over a fitted lining that closes at the centre front. Both the fronts and back are shirred to yoke depth and are combined with the lace to give the effect of straps over the shoulders. The vest is narrow, faced with lace to form the square, and covered with frills below. At the edges of the fronts, which are outlined with ruches of chiffon, are narrow extensions of velvet that give the effect of a plain waistcoat over the full frills. The sleeves are shirred to fit snugly below the shoulders and include shirred cuffs, but form full puffs between the two. The belt is wide, shirred at the centre front.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is six yards twenty-one inches wide, five yards twenty-seven inches wide or three and a quarter yards forty-four inches wide with one-half yard of bias velvet, three-eighth yards of all-over lace, three-quarter yards of chiffon or lace frilling and one and a quarter yards of ruching to make as illustrated.

### Moleskin For Winter Wear.

Moleskin is the latest fur craze for the coming winter. It has all the soft, smooth becomingness of sealskin, and its quiet unobtrusiveness when unmixed with another fur commends it. While as a foil to ermine, it not only is itself beautiful, but adds to the whiteness of ermine in a most attractive way. Moleskin also enters into millinery trimmings with great success and is used for the foundation of fur hats, relieved by ermine brims and rosettes of tails of the same.

### An Evening Gown.

A charming evening gown is of heliotrope crepe de chine, only slightly trained. The skirt is accordeon pleated, the edge of each plain lined with iridescent beads. The low-necked waist is also pleated, and there is a deep bertha of yellow lace combined with an iridescent galloon.

### Skin Bags.

The reindeer skin bags, which look like suede, come in tan, gray and black, and the watch is set at the top on one end. Watches are also to be seen in the walrus bags. Long purses with a flap instead of a clasp also have watches set in one end.

### Reversible Garments.

Another new and ingenious idea is making reversible garments of a dark fun lined with a light-colored one, in order that they may serve in the double capacity of day and evening wraps.

### Blue Lynx.

Blue lynx is of a very beautiful gray blue shade, has long, fluffy, silky hair and is quite delicate. The black has a brilliant jet black lustre.

### Wraps Are Shorter.

The loose coats are all shorter than of late years. Three-quarters, or an even shorter length, seems to be popular.

### Tiger Skin.

The newest importation in dress and millinery velvet goes by the name of "tiger skin."

### Blouse With Cape Collar.

Cape or yoke collars and all devices that give a broad shoulder line are to be noted on the latest waists and are singularly graceful. The May Manton model shown is extended to form a narrow plastron and is among the best seen. The waist, as illustrated, is of striped French flannel stitched with corticelli silk and trimmed with small buttons, but the design is suited to all the materials of the season, and to both the odd waist and the gown. The full, soft fronts are peculiarly becoming, and the cape collar is shaped to fall well over the sleeves where it is open to allow perfect freedom of movement.

The waist consists of the fitted lining, the fronts, back and cape collar. The portions of the waist are arranged over the lining and the cape collar over both. At the neck is a standing collar that is closed with the waist at the centre front. The sleeves are the new ones with the deep pointed cuffs and are arranged over fitted linings. To the lower edge of the waist is attached a basque portion that extends below the belt and serves to keep it in place, so avoiding all bulk beneath the skirt.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is four and three-quarter yards twenty-one inches wide, four and a quarter yards twenty-seven inches wide or two and five-eighth yards forty-four inches wide.

## A Late Design by May Manton.

BLOUSE WAIST WITH CAPE.

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED.

Mrs. G. W. Fooks, of Salisbury, Md., wife of G. W. Fooks, Sheriff of Wicomico County, says: "I suffered with kidney complaint for eight years. It came on me gradually. I felt tired and weak, was short of breath and was troubled with bloating after eating, and my limbs were badly swollen. One doctor told me it would finally turn to Bright's disease. I was laid up at one time for three weeks. I had not taken Doan's Kidney Pills more than three days when the distressing aching across my back disappeared, and I was soon entirely cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.


## NEW USE FOR PHONOGRAPH.

### With It a Physician Cures a Case Without Seeing Patient.

"A novel use for the phonograph impressed me the other day," says a clergyman in the Philadelphia Record. "I was calling on my doctor and he told me of it then. He said a patient of his, while on a visit to California, had developed a bad cough and feared that this cough was of a tubercular nature. His heart also was weak and he was anxious about that, too.

"Well, for the doctor to go all the way to California would have been expensive and for the patient to have come to Philadelphia would have been impossible. In the dilemma a phonograph was called in. The sick man first talked into the phonograph all his symptoms. Then he coughed before it, and then, with the help of an instrument that highly magnifies sound, two or three minutes' beating of his disordered heart was registered on the sensitive cylinder.

"The outcome was wonderful. The Philadelphia doctor, receiving the phonograph record, ascertained that his patient's cough was not a consumptive one, and that his heart was not seriously affected. The doctor let me listen to the record in his office. It was impressive. First I heard the patient, in a weak voice, detailing his symptoms—a pain here, an ache there, and so on. Then I heard him coughing. Then I heard his heart pulsating in an odd, irregular way.

"'Thanks to the phonograph,' the doctor said, 'I diagnosed that case as well as though my patient has sat beside me.'"


Asthma

"One of my daughters had a terrible case of asthma. We tried almost everything, but without relief. We then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and three and one-half bottles cured her."—Emma Jane Entsminger, Langsville. O.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral certainly cures many cases of asthma.

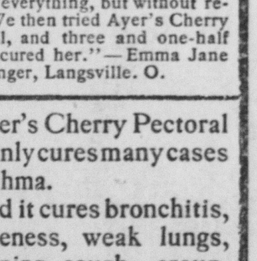
And it cures bronchitis, hoarseness, weak lungs, whooping-cough, croup, winter coughs, night coughs, and hard colds.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Small Potatoes
result from a lack of
Potash
in the soil. Potash produces size and quality.

We have valuable books which explain more fully the fertilizing value of Potash. We will send them free to any farmer who writes for them.



GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

RIPANS TABULES

Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Every illness arising from a disordered stomach is relieved or cured by their use. So common is it that diseases originate from the stomach it may be safely asserted there is no condition of ill health that will not be benefited or cured by the occasional use of Ripans Tabules. Physicians know them and speak highly of them. All druggists sell them. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion, and the Family Bottle, sixty cents, contains a household supply for a year. One generally gives relief within twenty minutes.


# THE KEYSTONE STATE

### Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

These patents were granted Pennsylvanians:—Edward L. Aiken, Warren, coil forming apparatus; Charles H. Baisley, New Haven, coin controlled vending machine for newspapers, magazines, etc.; Richard Black, Canonsburg, metallic railway tie; Christopher Bowers, McKeesport, rotary engine; Benjamin F. Bradbury, Castile, cream separator; George F. Bush, Pricedale, weight supporting device; Lee Schadwick, Ridley Park, controlling mechanism for gas engines; William M. Hervey, Homestead, novelty device; John F. Jacobs, Burnham, miter clamps; Jesse D. Lyon, Pittsburg, developing apparatus for photographic plates; Geo. W. Mackenzie, Beaver, vending apparatus; Theron R. Palmer, Jeannette, making single tube pneumatic tires; Perry A. Reno, Reynoldsville, packing or shipping box; Moritz Rosenzweig, Allegheny, cuspidor; John K. Ross and L. Singer, Allegheny, apparatus for increasing speed of vessels; Louis C. Sands, Jr., Pittsburg, center iron for walking beams and Samson posts; Henry C. Seipp, Pittsburg, mechanism for operating elevator door; Phillips Semmer, Pittsburg, apparatus for breaking tile strips.

A fire which broke out one year ago at the Lehigh Valley Co.'s Sioux Colliery, and which was supposed to have been extinguished lately, broke out afresh and the officials are fighting it in a new and original manner. During the first fire bore holes were driven through the ground to the burning section. Concrete and sand are now being run through the holes, the officials thinking a solid concrete wall will form and create an air-tight compartment in which the blaze may be smothered.

The 10,000 miners employed by the Pennsylvania Coal & Coke Company at its mines in Cambria county have threatened to strike because of an order issued by the company this week changing the hour for going to work in the morning from 7 to 7.30 o'clock.

Charles Trout, a hotel clerk in Tyrone, and son-in-law of the proprietor, Charles Woodin, is under bail accused of shooting Thomas Brown, colored, porter at the hotel. The two quarreled and Brown was shot in the hand and cheek.

Notice was posted at the works of the American Steel Foundries Company, Sharon, of a reduction in wages to take effect this week. The cut will be 10 per cent., which will bring the moulders' wages to $3.15 a day. It is said that the reduction is to take effect in all the plants of the American Steel Foundries Company.

All the outbuildings on the farm of Isaac Reablin's, Penn's Manor, together with grain, hay, farming implements and some stock were destroyed by fire. Several years ago the outbuildings on the same farm were destroyed by fire.

Mrs. Harry Eckroth, of Wilkes-Barre, was found on the Central Railroad tracks seriously injured. She had been struck by a train. She died at the Mercy Hospital.

The strike at the Red Ash Colliery, Wilkes-Barre, the only serious one in the anthracite region, presents a new and peculiar condition. The company is anxious to settle it by submitting the grievances to the Conciliation Board, but the miners have refused to submit their grievances and claim they want to fight the matter out with the company, expecting the company officials to decide what they will concede. The strikers have been out for five months. The men declare they will not return to work until the superintendent now employed is discharged.

Adam R. Gruber, of Obold, was returning home from a visit in Reading, driving a two-horse team, when the horses took fright at a train near Lorah and ran away. The carriage was upset and Mr. Gruber thrown to the ground, landing on his head. His neck was broken and death resulted almost instantly.

In a runaway accident Francis Devore, a farmer, of Buffalo Mills, was so seriously injured that he died soon after. His horses tramped on him as he was dragged over the frozen ground.

District Attorney Lichtenwalner, of Allentown, says that information for the arrest of David Weisenberg, on charges of being accessory to the murder of Mabel Bechtel, before and after the fact was made by Constable John Shrunk. There will probably be no hearing and the case will go to the Grand Jury. Weisenberg, it is believed, was the last person outside of the Bechtel family who saw the girl alive. He accompanied her home on the Sunday night when it is supposed she was murdered, but he did not enter the house. After the alleged finding of the body in the areaway of the Bechtel home on the Tuesday morning following by Mrs. Bechtel, the mother, the latter told her story to the police that Mabel had been out driving with Weisenberg on Monday and that during the night she was awakened by the barking of dogs and saw two men carrying what she thought was a bag of potatoes or apples into a neighbor's yard. Weisenberg having left town, he was the first one for whom the police looked and he surrendered himself to the New York police. He voluntarily returned to Allentown and proved an alibi. District Attorney Lichtenwalner will also accuse Weisenberg of a misdemeanor, he having admitted that he and the girl visited a hotel on the Sunday night in question. It is said that the prosecution's plan will be to have Weisenberg acquitted of the more serious charges and thus make him a competent witness against the Bechtels.

John Flemming, foreman of the machine shops at the Keeley Stove Works, Columbia, was fatally injured by a boiler falling on him.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the new hospital at Coatesville realized $1000 by a fair.

Because of the prevalence of scarlatina at Catawissa, many houses are quarantined.

Philip Prouencial, a foreman for a railroad contractor at Dubois, was killed by an explosion while attempting to thaw out dynamite. Several other workmen were injured.

### Freaks of Hair Dressing.

In Abyssinia one method of doing the hair that is adopted by warriors is to stroll into the market place, buy a pound of butter and putting it upon the top of the hair, stand still while the sun arranges things. When the hair is thus dressed with melted butter the Abyssinian knows that fate cannot, or will not, touch him—he is a picture of well-dressed elegance done in oils. Another style is to tress the hair, and every tress means something. A young warrior with a head of hair undressed is of no account; he has not yet killed a man. When, however, he has done so all his hair is shaved except enough to make one tress, which is of the same significance as a notch on a pistol stock. After that every man he kills entitles him to add another tress, until as a conquering hero of one hundred tresses he is a formidable man to try conclusions with, says the Chicago News.

Some of the New Hebrides people do their hair up in a bunch on the top of the head and stain it yellow, while the inhabitants of Ombat island pass it through a tube so as to make a kind of plume. The Marquesas chief's favorite method is to shave all the head except two patches, one over each temple, where he cultivates two horns of hair. No doubt this is to render him more a thing of terror to his enemies than of admiration to his friends. His reason for shaving the rest of the head is to allow more space for tattooing as if all the available skin of the body were not enough.

No one has visited Fiji in the past without being astonished at the fearful and wonderful styles of hairdressing. They are geometrical, monumental, pyramidal, trepazoidal. An additional factor in this production of the grotesque is that the hair varies in color as lime varies in bleaching power, or as the juice of the mangrove in coloring matter. Between black and white the colors run through the blue-black and all shades of red and yellow. Often half the hair is red and the other half white, giving a kind of piebald effect.

### Drinking Water.

It is safe to say that pure water may be drunk at any time and with hardly any limitations save such as might appeal to any one. Water is universally man's greatest and safest drink and, rightly used, would in itself largely help to extend his life well towards the century mark. Food tastes better and is more agreeably relished by the water drinker than by those who drink wine at table. Strong liquors taken at all times confer no useful assistance in passing the dangers of life, and in self-interest it would be nearer to safety to let nature's provision for drink have full credit, as being the best, and accept no substitute. A good drink for man is pure water, and the ordinary drinking water of a country is or should be always appreciated by the dweller in that country.

### How Trees Differ as to Their Roots.

Trees whose roots are of the same length and fibre do not thrive as well as those which are unequal because they develop better when their roots reach for nutriment in different strata or depths of the earth. The oak could not live in soil where the pine would thrive luxuriantly. This is owing to the nature of the trees. One requires the most solid nutriment. The pine requires light, sandy soil and the atmospheric conditions of sunshine and rain. The oak, maple, elm, hemlock, birch and beech all require warm and clean soil. Trees are noted for picking out the attractive places, and where there are flourishing forests may be found the best land and the soil always productive.

### Germans Away from Home.

In Great Britain and the colonies live 150,000 Germans, as against 120,000 in Austria, 112,000 in Switzerland, 100,000 in Russia and 90,000 in France.

### Chrysanthemums.

Among flowers the chrysanthemum is said to live the longest after being cut.


How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.


Damascus now contains about the same number of Jews that it had in the time of St. Paul. In the middle of the first century of our era some 10,000 Jews lived in Damascus and were governed by an Ethnarch; the present Jewish community is computed at about 11,000.


Catarrh cured at home. Three preparations in one package. Ask your dealer for "Dr. Hartley's Great Remedy." Be sure you get it. Agts., Stanley & Brown Drug Co., Balto., Md.


Five hundred and sixty thousand persons in the United States are dependent upon the street cars for support.


CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)
A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.,
17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.


### An Unprofitable Gift.

Farmers, even those not otherwise noted for liberality, are usually very willing to give a "lift" in their wagons to pedestrians, unless the person's appearance is decidedly unprepossessing, and provided, of course, the request is made in proper form.

A farmer, returning from town with an empty produce wagon, overtook a young man plodding along with the discouraged air of a city man unusued to dirt roads.

"Hullo, Jersey!" cried the stranger, briskly, "Can a man get a lift to Vineland?"

"I don't see why he can't," responded the farmer, in a non-committal way.

"Then I'll take a ride," said the stranger, vaulting into the wagon, and making himself comfortable.

After two or three miles had been traversed, the stranger paused in his inconsequential talk long enough to observe,—

"It's quite a distance to Vineland?"

"Yes, it is a distance," admitted the farmer.

Another mile was passed, and then the stranger inquired,—

"About how far is it to Vineland?"

"Well, replied the farmer, meditatively, "keeping straight ahead, the way we're goin' now, it's about twenty-five thousand miles; but if you'll get out and hoof it back it ain't more'n six or seven."

The stranger got out and "hoofed" it back.

### A Notable Owl.

The Zoological Gardens have invariably possessed specimens of the owl family in superabundance, but a new arrival is of an unusual character. An owl from Australia, which has the technical name of Hieracoglaux connivens and the pseudo-vernacular name of the "winking owl," is quite a novelty to the collection. Blinking owls are well known; winking owls open a new chapter; but after all, if it has to connive, as the Latin name seems to urge, it must wink rather than blink. On the same day there arrived a barn-owl from foreign parts. This bird has the widest range over the globe of any bird, or, at any rate, it is not exceeded by any. There are barn-owls even in the remote Galapagos. They "snore" and "hiss," not merely from China to Peru, but throughout the habitable globe, save Sweden and New Zealand.

The paper bills of the United States printing office amount to $750,000 a year.


FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.


Coffee has been cultivated in Venezuela only since 1879.


Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle


The legislative period of a German Reichstag is five years in duration.


I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.


To keep the whole German Army in the field for a week would cost $30,000,000.


PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color more goods, brighter colors, with less work than others.


It is a notable fact that most of the subjects of King Edward are Hindoos.


# GRATEFUL, HAPPY WOMEN

Miss Muriel Armitage.

### Thank Pe-ru-na for Their Recovery After Years of Suffering.

Miss Muriel Armitage, 36 Greenwood Ave., Detroit, Mich., District Organizer of the Royal Templars of Temperance, in a recent letter, says:

"I think that a woman naturally shrinks from making her troubles public, but restored health has meant so much to me that I feel for the sake of other suffering women it is my duty to tell what Peruna has done for me.

"I suffered for five years with uterine irregularities, which brought on hysteria and made me a physical wreck. I tried doctors from the different schools of medicine, but without any perceptible change in my condition. In my despair I called on an old nurse, who advised me to try Peruna, and promised good results if I would persist and take it regularly. I thought this was the least I could do, and procured a bottle. I knew as soon as I began taking it that it was affecting me differently from anything I had used before, and so I kept on taking it. I kept this up for six months, and steadily gained strength and health, and when I had used fifteen bottles I considered myself entirely cured. I am a grateful, happy woman to-day."—Miss Muriel Armitage.

Peruna cures catarrh of the pelvic organs with the same surety as it cures catarrh of the head. Peruna has become renowned as a positive cure for female ailments, simply because the ailments are mostly due to catarrh. Catarrh is the cause of the trouble. Peruna cures the catarrh. The symptoms disappear.

## Female Weakness is Pelvic Catarrh.

### Always Half Sick Are the Women Who Have Pelvic Catarrh.

Catarrh of any organ, if allowed to progress, will affect the whole body. Catarrh without nervousness is very rare, but pelvic catarrh and nervousness go hand in hand.

What is so distressing a sight as a poor, half-sick, nervous woman, suffering from the many almost unbearable symptoms of pelvic catarrh? She does not consider herself ill enough to go to bed, but she is far from being able to do her work without the greatest exhaustion. This is a very common sight, and is almost always due to pelvic catarrh.

It is worse than foolish for so many women to suffer year after year with a disease that can be permanently cured.

Peruna cures catarrh permanently. It cures old chronic cases as well as a slight attack, the only difference being in the length of time that it should be taken to effect a cure.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A Gift Worth Giving and A Present Worth Having

The best holiday gifts are useful gifts, and one of the most useful is the New and Enlarged Edition of
WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY
of English, Biography, Geography, Fiction, Etc.
Useful. Reliable. Attractive. Lasting.
The New Edition Has 25,000 New Words
New Gazetteer of the World
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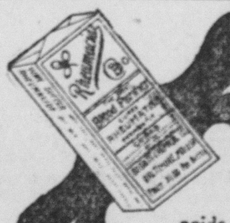
2380 Pages. 5000 Illustrations. Rich Bindings.
Why Not Give Some One This Useful Present?
FREE—"A Test in Pronunciation."
Instructive and entertaining for the whole family. Illustrated pamphlet also free.
G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

WHEN PAIN AND ANGUISH WRING THE BROW, A MINISTERING ANGEL THOU:
BROMO-SELTZER
10¢
SOLD EVERYWHERE.



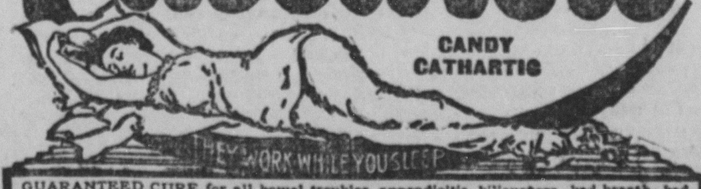
GETS AT THE JOINTS FROM THE INSIDE.

BEGINS WORK with the first dose, cleansing the blood of all the poisonous acids that produce RHEUMATISM, driving out all the dangerous germs that infest the body—that is the way cures are effected by

Rheumacide

Other medicines treat symptoms; *Rheumacide removes the cause*, and, therefore, its
CURES ARE PERMANENT.
Helps the digestion, tones up the system. Sample bottle free on application to BOBBITT CHEMICAL CO., Proprietors, 316 West Lombard St., Baltimore, Md.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC




GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502


In the interest of the increase in population, a Frenchman suggests that married men and fathers be exempted from military duty.


Prospectus ready, means GOLD for you. 32 Arizona claims. Float Assay, $4368. Monthly payments Guaranteed. Write Gladys Mining Co. Big Springs, Tex.

PROTECT Wife-Children-Home—By using FLAME-KILLER
IT WILL NOT BURN!
Used with or without starch on Clothing, Curtains, Mattings, etc., makes them absolutely fireproof. Does not hurt ANY fabric. Thrown on a fire will put it out at once. TEN CENTS postpaid makes 2 gallons and may save your life and property. Agents wanted. Dept. 89, SAFETY MFG. CO., Baltimore, Md.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

SILOS, LUMBER, BOXES, CRATES.
You cannot afford to do without a SILO. If you want one (or more), or need any lumber, timber, mill work to repair or build, or Boxes, or Crates, write
G. ELIAS & BRO., Buffalo, N. Y.,
and get the best for the least money, direct from the stump. Catalogues FREE. Silo agents wanted.

PATENTS, TRADE-MARKS AND PENSIONS. Are You Interested?
Millions of dollars have been made out of Patents and Trade-Marks. Millions of dollars are appropriated to pay pensions. 26 years practice.
For information and literature, FREE, write
THE W. H. WILLS COMPANY,
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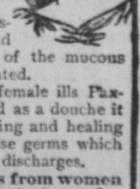
PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN



A Boston physician's discovery which cleanses and heals all inflammation of the mucous membrane wherever located.
In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a douche it is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all disease germs which cause inflammation and discharges.
Thousands of letters from women prove that it is the greatest cure for leucorrhœa ever discovered.
Paxtine never fails to cure pelvic catarrh, nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore mouth and sore eyes, because these diseases are all caused by inflammation of the mucous membrane.
For cleansing, whitening and preserving the teeth we challenge the world to produce its equal.
Physicians and specialists everywhere prescribe and endorse Paxtine, and thousands of testimonial letters prove its value.
At druggists, or sent postpaid 50 cts.
A large trial package and book of instructions absolutely free. Write
The R. Paxton Co., Dept. 25, Boston, Mass.

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## Everybody's Shoes Are Here . . . .

Every kind of Boot and Shoe for everybody—men, women, children and the babies, and for every business, every dress and every sport and pastime use. Whether you walk or ride play golf or ball, whether you fish or hunt, dance or go a-bicycling, or whether you like to be dressed up and keep so, we have Shoes for all these uses and for all these purposes.

Our Boots and Shoes are the very best, and our prices the very least.

Agent for W. L. Douglas' $3.00 and $3.50 Shoe for Men, and Queen Quality the famous $3.00 Shoe for Women.

If you want correct Footwear, come to headquarters for it.

**Mingle's** Shoe Store,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

### CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon; Tusseyville, evening.

Reformed—Spring Mills, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

#### Cattle Sale.

Bear in mind that Saturday next, ten milch cows, fresh and close springers, will be sold at the Old Fort. Also, about fifteen head of young cattle, most of them heifers in calf.

#### Thanks.

The Reporter returns thanks to those of its subscribers who responded to the cards sent out recently.

Those few who have not responded are no doubt making preparations to do so.

Thanks.

#### Two Cars of Cows.

Two car loads of cows were shipped east from the Centre Hall station within the past week.

Friday of last week H. Schwenck, assisted by George Bradford, made a shipment, and Tuesday H. Shirk, with D. J. Meyer as right hand man, sent the second car of cows.

#### Bought More Timber Land.

Messrs. B. D. Brisbin and W. F. Bradford purchased ten acres of timber land from Lloyd Brown, southwest of town along the Boalsburg road. The timber is mostly white oak, and will all be hauled to their Centre Hall mill to be manufactured into lumber of various kinds.

#### Fire in Bellefonte.

The dwelling house of Insurance Agent Grant Hoover, in Bellefonte, was greatly damaged by fire Wednesday night of last week. The family was absent when the fire occurred, and it is presumed it was caused by clothing hanging near the stove taking fire. Nearly all the furniture and a piano was either burned or rendered useless by water.

#### Thanksgiving Services.

The union Thanksgiving services were observed in Centre Hall as usual. Rev. J. F. Shultz, of the United Evangelical church, delivered the sermon. The services were well attended and those who heard the discourse were well repaid for the time given to that purpose.

Besides Rev. Shultz other ministers present were Dr. W. H. Schuyler, Rev. J. M. Rearick, Rev. G. W. McIlnay, Rev. Daniel Gress, Rev. Ward Shultz.

#### From Millheim Journal.

William Smith bought the Leitzell homestead, north of Fiedler, on Saturday at public sale for $600. The timberland offered at the same time was sold to Warren Smith for $357.

Samuel Gettig arrived at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Gettig, in Spring Bank, one day last week. "Sam" is serving an apprenticeship in the Westinghouse machine shops, at Pittsburg, and sometime ago had his right foot badly mangled, and had just been released from the hospital prior to coming home.

#### Musicale by Frank Huntley Concert Co.

The Frank Huntley Concert Company will give a musicale in the Presbyterian church in this place Friday evening, Dec. 11th. An interesting and attractive program will be rendered, consisting of recitations by Miss Minnie Menges; vocal solos by Miss Frank Huntley, and piano solos by Miss Nellie Huntley. Miss Menges, elocutionist, gave an entertainment in this place several years ago, and delightfully entertained her audience. This musicale promises to be a rare treat, and a cordial invitation is extended to all. Admission 10 and 20 cents.

**Centre Reporter $1.00 a year.**

### DREW BEAD ON COW.

**Gun is Discharged and a Dead Cow is the Result.**

Another reason is given here why a gun, loaded or otherwise, should not be pointed at any living object unless the intention is to kill. The discharge of the gun in this case was, no doubt, purely accidental, but had the deadly weapon not been aimed at a good milch cow, this story would not appear here.

The accident occurred at the home of Jacob Royer, of near Colyer. It appears Mr. Royer was butchering and that the hogs were "knocked out of time" with a modern rifle. After the hogs had been killed no one thought that it would be necessary to break up a splendid fire arm to insure the life of the remainder of Mr. Royer's stock, so the implement was just laid aside.

Later the rifle was picked up by a hunter of considerable experience and just at that instant the family cow came marching along. "Were that cow a deer, what a delightful shot!" or words expressing that thought, were uttered. The polished steel was brought to the shoulder, a bead was taken on the cow—bang! The brute dropped dead.

#### New Church for Penn Hall.

The Lutheran congregation of the Penns Creek church, one-half mile east of Penn Hall, at a recent meeting decided to build a new church at Penn Hall.

#### Tharp-Hoover.

The marriage of Miss Jessie Hoover, of near Boalsburg, and Frank Tharp, of Philadelphia, took place Wednesday of last week, at Altoona. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hoover.

The couple proceeded to Philadelphia where they will take up housekeeping.

#### Accidentally Shot.

Theodore Brown, while out hunting in company with his father, and uncle, Ed. Brown, last Thursday, was accidentally shot by the latter, says a Spring Mills correspondent. One shot entered his eye and another his forehead. Dr. Braucht removed them and found that the wounds were not serious.

#### Cleveland Not a Candidate.

Grover Cleveland has at last peremptorily put a quietus on the talk of a fourth nomination for him as President. He is probably the most sagacious of living statesmen, but conditions were such as to make his nomination a matter of embarrassment, however much public admiration and confidence are his.

#### A Good One From Altoona

As George Harpham and James Homan hunted in the mountains west of Altoona they encountered a drove of wild hogs, including a boar, the first seen in that vicinity in a half century.

The boar charged the hunters, and when but five feet distant Harpham shot and mortally wounded it. It weighed 300 pounds.

#### Ministers Meet.

The Penn's Valley Ministerial Association held its regular monthly meeting in the study of Rev. J. M. Rearick on Monday. The principal feature of the meeting was an excellent paper by Rev. Daniel Gress on "The Church the World Needs Today." After an excellent dinner at the Lutheran parsonage the Association adjourned to meet on the first Monday of January, with Rev. Geo. W. McIlnay in Spring Mills.

#### Hunter's Tragedy, Almost.

A Lewistown hunter, who was in the mountain one day last week, tells the story that he left the mountain about dark, and passing through an orchard he saw an object on an apple tree that in the gloom he was certain was a bear. He was getting his gun in readiness when the object moved, disclosing that it was a woman picking apples. The hunter was so unnerved by the thought of what might have happened that his gun dropped to the ground.

#### LOCALS.

There will be a meeting of the Hospital Aid Society Monday evening, Dec. 7th, at the home of Mrs. J. S. Dauberman.

Don't forget the musicale by the Frank Huntley Concert Company, in the Presbyterian church, Friday evening, Dec. 11.

The Rev. J. F. Moyer, pastor of Christ Reformed church, of Altoona, has announced his acceptance of a call from the First Church of Reading. He will leave Altoona January 1.

The Woman's Home Companion for December contains some remarkable pictures of Christmas celebrations at Bethlehem, the town of Christ's nativity. It is an unusually interesting feature.

An imaginative sketch in the December Cosmopolitan endeavors to describe some of the most important conditions in New York in the year 1909—that being the year in which New York will celebrate the three-hundredth anniversary of the arrival of Hendrik Hudson.

### DEATHS.

#### JAMES MUSSER.

James Musser, of Orangeville, Illinois, died last week at the age of sixty years. Death was the result of an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. Musser was born in Penn Hall, January 17, 1843, and was one of nine children of Jonas and Maria (Durst) Musser, also natives of Gregg township. The subject of this sketch was eleven years old when his father died, and for two years afterwards he lived with his oldest brother on the homestead. In 1857 James Musser started west and settled in Stephenson county, Illinois, being then fourteen years of age. Although but a youth, he proffered his services in defense of the Union, becoming a member of Co. A., 46 h Ill. Vol., and after serving his first term of enlistment he veteranized in December, 1863, and served until the close of the war.

After returning from the war, Mr. Musser established himself in the mercantile business at Orangeville, Ill., in company with his brother Benjamin. This partnership continued for ten years and the business was continued by James Musser until two years ago. In 1885 Mr. Musser established a bank at Orangeville, which institution was sold to other parties on the 10th ult.

The deceased was married at Rock Grove, Illinois, in June, 1853, to Miss Kate Zimmerman, and she survives him, together with five children, Herbert A., Mabel E., Royston D., Marc J., and Clive N. Musser.

He is also survived by the following brothers and sisters: Daniel, of Orangeville, Ill.; Benjamin and William, of Jewell City, Kansas; Michael, of Rushville, Nebraska, and Mrs. Geo. Dale, of Lemont.

Mr. Musser accumulated considerable wealth, and beside this had life insurance in the sum of $15,000. By his last will, the deceased makes his widow the chief benefactor and named her as his executrix.

#### MRS. SAMUEL GOBBLE.

Mrs. Sarah Gobble, wife of Samuel Gobble, two and one-half miles east of Spring Mills, was found dead in her room last Wednesday, her death being due to heart failure. Her age was seventy-four years. Mrs. Gobble was a consistent member of the Evangelical church, and led an exemplarily christian life. Interment was made Saturday morning in the Green Grove cemetery. Rev. O. L. Buck, her pastor, assisted by Rev. W. C. Bierly, of the Evangelical church, officiated. Smith Bros. conducted the funeral.

Mrs. Gobble is survived by her husband and two sons, Rev. A. E. Gobble, D. D., of Meyerstown, and J. W. Gobble, of Georges Valley.

The death of John H. Miller, of Bellwood, who formerly lived at Booneville, occurred Sunday morning. His death was due to blood poison. A wife, two sons and two daughters survive.

Levi Jones died in Philipsburg, aged seventy-four years. He was a member of Company A, 110th Regiment.

#### LOCALS.

Measles, scarlet fever and diphtheria are prevalent at Milroy and Burnham.

A rural mail delivery route will be established between Mill Hall to Cedar Run and Abdera on December 15th.

The Georges Valley hunting club, went to the Big Flat on the 21st, and returned on the 28th, empty handed.

A fox, last week, was observed looking through the wire netting that surrounds the chicken yard of Fair View Poultry Farm, managed by A. E. Kerlin.

A company is being organized at McVeytown, with quite a large capital, which intends drilling wells on land west of McVeytown in search of either gas or oil.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Wolf, of Altoona, were the guests of the latter's brother, Samuel Shoop, over Thanksgiving. Mr. Wolf has been in the employment of the Pennsylvania railroad company for a number of years.

B. H. Arney, one of the most methodical farmers in Potter township, last week killed two hogs that weighed eight hundred and eighty pounds. These hogs, considering that their age was only sixteen months, must have had good care and attention.

Mrs. Bert Buis, of near Ithaca, New York, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lutz, in this place, last week. Mrs. Buis' maiden name was Carrie Shannon, daughter of Samuel Shannon. Her husband is the owner of an electric light plant which he superintends.

It will be good news to the mothers of small children to learn that croup can be prevented. The first sign of croup is hoarseness. A day or two before the attack the child becomes hoarse. This is soon followed by a peculiar rough cough. Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy freely as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the rough cough appears, and it will dispel all symptoms of croup. In this way all danger and anxiety may be avoided. This remedy is used by many thousands of mothers and has never been known to fail. It is, in fact, the only remedy that can always be depended upon and that is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

### $30,000 FOR MONUMENT.

**Committee Appointed to Select Site and Build Memorial.**

An important meeting of the Centre county monument Association was held in Bellefonte Friday of last week. Among others were the chairman, General James A. Beaver; the secretary, W. H. Musser; Capt. W. C. Patterson, State College; Dr. D. M. Wolf, Spring Mills; Capt. W. H. Fry, Pine Grove Mills; J. R. Pheasant, Howard; Capt. George M. Boal, Centre Hall; Capt. C. T. Fryberger, Philipsburg; Dr. J. A. Thompson, Stormstown.

The chairman stated that $10,000 had been appropriated by the state, under a bill introduced by Senator Heinle; $4,000 dollars has been raised by personal friends of Governor Curtin; about $4,000 had been subscribed to the committee; and lastly two Centre county grand juries have authorized the county to pay $10,000 toward a monument.

The meeting was called principally to combine these efforts, and after General Beaver had informed those present that the Curtin house could not be purchased, Capt. Fryberger moved that an executive committee of nine be appointed consisting of the three members of the Harrisburg committee, the three County Commissioners and three to be selected from the Centre County Monument Association with full power to locate, secure design and build a monument to the memory of Gov. Curtin and the Soldiers and Sailors of Centre county, the cost to be about thirty thousand dollars.

The committee is as follows: Gov. Samuel W. Pennypacker, Gen James A. Beaver, Senator A. E. Patton, Abram V. Miller, John G. Bailey, Philip H. Meyer, Capt. C. T. Fryberger, John A. Dale, and Gen. John I. Curtin.

#### THE NEW YORK WORLD.

**Thrice-a-Week Edition. Read Wherever the English Language is Spoken.**

The Thrice-a-Week World long ago established itself in public favor, and it is now recognized as the strongest publication of its kind in the United States. Advertisers and publishers seeking clubbing combinations—and they know best—universally testify to this. It is widely circulated in every State and Territory of the Union, and even in remote South Africa and on the gold fields in the deserts of Australia. These are the things that tell.

Next year we have the Presidential campaign, in which all Americans are deeply interested. Already the issues are being discussed and the two great parties are preparing for the first moves. You will not want to miss any details, and if you subscribe now your year's subscription will cover the campaign from beginning to end.

The Thrice-a-Week World is absolutely fair in its political news. Partisan bias is never allowed to affect its news columns, and Democrat and Republican alike can obtain in its pages truthful accounts of all the great political contests.

In addition to all the news, the Thrice-a-Week World furnishes the best serial fiction, elaborate market reports and other features of interest.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only $1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and Centre Reporter together one year for $1.65.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is $2.00, if paid in advance.

#### A Suggestion

"The financiering and government of a church" might prove an interesting subject for a sermon by a minister who is not afraid to expose the rotten methods engaged in by various denominations to raise money for church purposes. The manipulations of the elections; the reckless steward; the members' rights as to knowledge of receipts and dispersing of money; the voice of members in incurring debt or making improvements, etc., etc., might be points of interest if developed to the full knowledge of the pastor. These topics may be too near the throne to preach about, but their correction might go a great ways to lead one to think that the church is really sincere.

Take VIN-TE-NA and the good effect will be immediate. You will get strong, you will feel bright, fresh and active, you will feel new, rich blood coursing through your veins. Vintena will act like magic, will put new life in you. If not benefited money refunded. J. D. Murray, Druggist.

## FOR SALE OR WANTED

Under this head five or less nonpareil lines will be inserted for two weeks for the sum of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; four weeks, fifty cents, and so on. No advs. accepted for less than twenty-five cents. Stock, implements, farm products etc. for sale, or want advertisements of any description will be accepted. In no case can real estate or public sales be advertised in this department.

Bradford and Smith—Old Fort Hotel, December 5. 10Cows and 15 young cattle. See descriptive adv.

One hundred and fifty over coats for men, youths and children at half price.

MONTGOMERY & CO.,
Bellefonte, Pa.

## New Cash Store.

## Holiday Goods . . . . .

Christmas is near at hand. At our store will be displayed the most Complete and Beautiful line of Holiday Goods in town. You surely want some of them.

### Inspect Our Stock Before Buying Elsewhere . . . . .

Don't purchase Holiday Goods for your friends until you have inspected our magnificent line and secured our low prices.

### Almost Complete Line Of Winter Goods. . .

Our line of Winter Goods is complete, with but few exceptions.

### Cash or Goods Given for Produce.

Bring your farm products, receive the highest market prices in cash or exchange for goods and thus save money. Our prices are right and all goods must be right.

TERMS—Cash to Everybody.

OLD DUNCAN STAND.
SPRING MILLS, PA. **B. W. RIPKA.**

## The Centre Hall Bargain Store.

### Boots, Shoes and Rubber Goods

We have in stock the best selections of Winter Footwear for Children, Men and Ladies. The approach of Winter makes this goods especially seasonable. The best goods are in stock, which includes Rubber Goods of all kinds. The prices are as low as honest goods can be sold for.

### Fall and Winter Goods

We have on hand a full Line of Winter Goods. Men's and Boys' Sweaters, Duck Coats, Caps, Hunting Coats, Horse Blankets, etc.

### Guns and Ammunition

Double and Single Barreled Shot Guns at a great bargain. Also, all kinds of Ammunition.

### Carpets at Lowest Prices

We have just named a few articles. Come to see us. You will be sorry that you missed coming when you see the bargains purchased by your neighbor.

Centre Hall, Pa. **J. F. SMITH.**

## Furniture . . . . .
## Undertaking . .

## John Smith & Brother

**SPRING MILLS, PA.**

## 15 PER CENT. Discount

A Discount of 15 per cent will be allowed on all Goods sold before **1904.**
NUF CED. . . . . .

*If you don't have time to come to see us, write or telephone your wants to us.*

28 HEAD OF CATTLE AT PUBLIC SALE . . .

OLD FORT HOTEL
SATURDAY, DEC. 5,
ONE O'CLOCK P. M.

The undersigned will sell, at the place and date named above, the following stock:

Ten Cows, fresh and close springers.
Shorthorn Bull, weighs 1800 lbs.
Eight Shorthorn Heifers. Fresh by spring.
Remainder are young cattle.
See descriptive advertisement elsewhere.

D. W. BRADFORD,
S. W. SMITH,
Centre Hall, Pa.

## STOP THAT COUGH with JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

**An almost infallible remedy for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, known and used the world over for almost a century.**

#### Better Than a Plaster.

A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on the affected parts, is better than a plaster for a lame back and for pains in the side or chest. Pain Balm has no superior as a liniment for the relief of deep seated, muscular and rheumatic pains. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

A glass or two of water taken half an hour before breakfast will usually keep the bowels regular. Harsh cathartics should be avoided. When a purgative is needed, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are mild and gentle in their action. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.